جوردان تليمر في أية سياسية تصدر بالإنجليزية عن المؤسسة الصحفية الأردنية والرأى،

Assad meets Pakistani minister

DAMASCUS (R) — Pakistani Foreign Minister Sahabzada Yaqub Khan. mediating in efforts to free Western bostages in Lebanon, had talks Saturday with Syrian President Hafez Al Assad, Yaqub Khan, who arrived Saturday from a visit to from where he met President Alf Akthar Hashemi Rafismjani, declined to answer reporters' questions on the meeting with Assad. The Pakistani foreign minister, whose country has good relations with Iran, Syria and the United States, also met his Syrian counterpart Farong Al Sharna for talks which diplomats said focused on the hostages. In Tehran, Rafsanjani told Yaqub Khan Thursday that Iran would belp free the hostages only if the United States acted to end a decade of hostility. U.S. Senator David Durenbeilger also met Sharaa Saturday and told reporters afterwards: "We talked about the general situation in Lebanou and some of the problems there, but we did not talk on specialist. Diplomats said Iranian Foreign Minister Ali Akbar Velayati discussed the hostage issue with lenders of the Lebanese group Hizboliah at a meeting in the Iranian embassy in Damascus Wednesday. The group, despite its denials, is thought to hold at least some of the hostages.

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## King returns after talks with Iraqi leader, Arafat

AMMAN (J.T.) — His Majesty king Hussein returned home early Saturday after a working visit to Iraq during which he held talks with Iraqi President Saddam Hussein and Palestinian leader Yas-

The King's talks with the Iraqi leader dealt with the latest developments in the Middle East, with particular emphasis on the situation in Lebanon, as well as bilateral issues and affairs of the Arab Cooperation Council (ACC), according to the Jordan News Agency, Petra.

Arafat, chairman of the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) and president of the State of Palestine, joined the two leaders later Friday, Petra said. The PLO chairman briefed the King and the Iraqi president on various contacts that the PLO had made in the international scene towards advancing the peace process.

Earlier, the PLO representative in Baghdad was quoted as

saying that the three leaders were also to review the situation in Lebanon and the status of Arab efforts to mediate the crisis between Syria and allied Lebanese factions and army commander Michel Aoun.

The King was accompanied on the visit by Prime Minister Sharif Zaid Ibn Shaker, Royal Court Chief Thougan Hindawi, the King's Political Advisor Adnan Abu Odeh and Deputy Prime Minister and Foreign Minister Marwan Al Qasem.

#### **U.S.-PLO** dialogue

In remarks carried by Reuter Saturday, Arafat said the PLO's dialogue with the United States was going nowhere because of U.S. support for elections in the occupied territories as proposed by Israel.

"The dialogue, unfortunately, is still crawling in its place,"

"Unfortunately, the American party in the negotiations is clearly allied to (Israeli Prime Minister Yitzhak) Shamir's plan, forget-ting our peace initiative," he said. Arafat has rejected Shamir's proposal to let Palestinians of the

occupied territories elect representatives to negotiations on some form of self-rule. PLO wants a final settlemen based on ending the Israeli occupation, self-determination, national independence and a just

settlement of the refugee Salah Khalaf, one of Arafat's closest colleagues, said Friday talks between the PLO and Washington in Tunis earlier this week were a step backwards in the dialogue which started last

December. Arafat said Saturday the 20month-old uprising in the West Bank and Gaza Strip would continue until the end of the Israeli

### Teenager reported in custody found dead

### Israeli soldiers kill **Bethlehem Palestinian**

(Agencies) — Israeli forces shot dead one Palestinian and wounded four in Bethlehem Saturday, witnesses said, and the battered body of a teenage Palestinian-American was found in another West Bank town.

Palestinians said Israeli forces opened fire in Bethlehem when youths stoned an Israeli patrol in the market. Hospital officials confirmed the death of Radi Mahmoud Hassan Salah, 24, and the wounding of four others.

Israeli and foreign press reports have said Israeli troops have disguised themselves as Palestinians and journalists during the 20-month-old uprising in the occupied territories.

In the hills outside the occupied West Bank town of Ramallah a Palestinian shepherd found the body of Amjad Hussein Jibreen, a 14-year-old American crtizen, Friday night.

The boy's relatives said Jibreen, missing since Wednesday, had a bullet wound in the heart, his head was smashed and his body had cigarette burns. The army said it might exhume the

Jibreen's family said military authorities had told them earlier this week the boy was in an Israeli prison camp, but the army denied Saturday that Jibreen was detained by troops.

A spokesman for the U.S. consulate said American officials had been in contact with the Israeli occupation authorities since Jibreen was reported missing but had no proof of the exact cause of

Palestinians said libreen was probably killed by troops or Jewish settlers after a petrol bomb attack on four Israeli tax collectors last Monday.

News of Jibreen's death trigreted clashes with Israeli troops and a spontaneous general strike in Ramallah. The area was sealed

Awad, 62, on suspicion of collaborating with the Israeli occupation authorities, Arab

In the occupied Gaza Strip, stone-throwing youths and Israeli troops clashed in Gaza City for several hours, one day after Israel introduced tough restrictions on Arab travel from Gaza to Israel.

In Khan Yunis refugee camp, also in the strip, troops Friday sealed rooms in homes owned by three Palestinians accused of membership of popular commit-tees which lead the uprising at the local level.

The United States and European nations have condemned house demolitions as a violation of human rights.

Israel contends the measure is necessary as a means of deterrence. The army has sealed or demolished at least 330 homes in the occupied territories during

In Kufr Lagef near the West Bank city of Nablus, Palestinian nationalists shot dead Mukhtar (village leader) Abul Rahim Awad, 62, on suspicion of the palestinian activists planned to near the palestinian the palestinian activists planned to near the palestinian activists planned to gathering for a Palestinian leader who died in June after spending two decades in Israeli prisons.



# Badran named Royal Court chief

AMMAN (J.T.) - His Majesty King Hussein named former Prime Minister Mudar Badran as royal court chief Saturday after Thougan Al Hindawi resigned, the Jordan News Agen-

cy, Petra, said. Hindawi had stepped down to stand in parliamentary elections scheduled for Nov. 8, the

A Royal Decree issued Saturday endorsed the appointment of Badran effective Sunday, Ang. 20, 1989.
King Hussein sent a message

to Hindawi-saying he appreciated Hindawi's "feeling of responsibility which made him undertake this national duty to continue his well-known service from a new post." The King, thanked Hindawi

for what he did throughout the various posts he held and wished him continuous success. Badran, born in 1934 in Jerash, served as prime minister from 1976 to 1984 A lawyer, he headed the

general intelligence service from 1968 to 1970 before switching to civilian life.

He held a series of government posts, including that of Royal Court Chief, before he was named prime minister in 1976, when he also held the defence and foreign affairs

# Raging battles set back hopes for Lebanon peace

BEIRUT (Agencies) — Warriors and politicians heaped further despair on Lebanon Saturday, wagng artillery duels that vaporised peace hopes into battle smoke. "What the hell are they fight-

ing for?" asked Ahmah Afra, 21, a student, as Syrian and allied led Lebanese forces traded shelling barrages with forces controlled by army commander Michel Aoun across the green line dividing Beirut.

"It seems that the only thing is to kill more innocent people, we only want peace, nothing but peace," said Afra.

The pro-Iranian Hizbollah accused the United States, France and Pope John Paul II of bias towards Lebanon's rightists and warned of suicide attacks against French and American targets.

Progressive Socialist Party (PSA) leader Walid Jumblatt, Syria's main Lebanese ally, ordered a general mobilisation among his 200,000-strong Druze community in preparation for a major battle against the rightists, sources said.

Police said one person was killed and nine were wounded in clashes along a 108-kilometre frontline that stretches from the Mediterranean to the mountaintop town of Souk Al Gharb, slicing Beirut into mainly Christian eastern and predominantly Muslim western sectors.

That raised the overall toll to 780 killed and 2,118 wounded since fighting broke out March 8 between Aoun's army units and PSP-backed-by Syrian-troops.

Sporadic exchanges have mar-

red a fragile hill prevailing since the United Nations Security Council appealed last Tuesday for a ceasefire.

The French naval buildup in the Mediterranean, the Pope's fanatic and biased stands and America's moves at the (U.N.) Security Council are part of the arrogant campaign aimed at taming the Muslims," Hizbollah said in a statement published by

Beirut newspapers The plot, Hizbollah claimed, aims at "stripping Muslims of their humanitarian and just rights and covering up the Zionists' crimes" in all the territory they

"This campaign will only lead to failure because the era of the Crusaders' invasion is gone following the spread of the spirit of martyrdom that forced the (U.S.) marines and the French to retreat

in 1983," it said. That was a reference to the twin suicide truck bomb attacks on Oct. 23, 1983, against the U.S. marine base and the headquarters of French paratroopers in Beirut.

The bombings killed 241 American servicemen and 58 French soldiers and led to the withdrawal of a multi-national peace force which also comprised

Italian and British contingents. France dispatched the aircraft carrier Foch and the destroyer Duquesne to the Mediterranean in recent days, as a government envoy, Alain Decaux, discussed the crisis with Lebanese officials.

French Ambassador Rene Ala told a news conference Friday the movement in the Mediterranean was designed to help evacuate the estimated 7,000 French nationals should the need arise, and that Paris has no intention to intervene militarily

In Baghdad, Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) Chairman Yasser Arafat called Satur-

peacekeeping force to end the fighting in Lebanon.

There can be no other solution to the Lebanese crisis but through forming an Arab peacekeeping force, which will impose a pan-Arab resolution for a ceasefire and peace." Arafat told a news conference in the Iraqi

He was speaking after talks on Lebanon Friday night with His Majesty King Hussein and Iraqi President Saddam Hussein.

Iraq supports Aoun. Syria said Friday a U.N. ceasefire to end Lebanon's carnage would only succed if Aoun stop-

ped receiving Iraqi arms. Arafat voiced regret at an anti-Aoun alliance formed in Damas-

cus earlier this week between Syria, Iran and Lebanese Muslim and leftist parties. "I think this necessitates an additional pan-Arab (counter)

move." Arafat said. Iraq Friday denounced the alliance and said it threatened

Arab security. Arafat said a peacekeeping force could also help convene a meeting of Lebanon's paralysed

parliament to elect a new presi-In Beirut, one source close to the PSP said the militia's military police toured Druze enclave in

the Shouf mountains in recent days, "instructing all physically fit men aged 16-40 to report to party offices. All businesses in the Shouf

were "operating on skeleton staffs. All young men have been called up by the PSP militia." another source said. Both refused to be named.

Sixteen Lebanese militia chief-

day for the creation of an Arab tains, backed by Syria and Iran, peacekeeping force to end the and Syrian-based Palestinian leaders gathered in Damascus this week to secure cooperation

among their forces in Lebanon. Iranian Foreign Minister Ali Akbar Velayati attended the meeting which produced a joint pledge to close ranks and oust

Junblatt also has been critical of the French naval buildup. He said Saturday: "France can take the general (Aoun) on one of its

warships and give him a villa in France.' "France still supports the Maronites." Junblatt told a news conference referring to Paris' traditional links to the Christians before Lebanon's independence in 1943. "If they insist (on in-

Lebanon and the whole of the Middle East go up in flames." Syria Saturday renewed its support for Arab efforts to solve the Lebanese crisis and condemned foreign intervention in Lebanese

tervening) then let the whole of

"Syria entered Lebanon to save the country and not to launch a war against this group or that ... Syria did not spare efforts to achieve reconciliation." the

official daily Tishreen said. "Syria is still committed to its firm national policy which supported the Arab efforts. Syria confirms now its readiness to cooperate with Arab efforts and prevent the dragging of suspicious foreign intervention into Lebanese affairs."

Syria had strongly criticised a previous report prepared by the committee saving it contradicted resolutions adopted by an Arab summit held in Morocco in May.

NAIROBI, Kenya (AP) — A high-level delegation from

Sudan's new military government

arrived in Ethiopia's capital Saturday to begin peace talks with the rebel Sudan People's Liberation Army (SPLA), said a

The talks will be the first be-

tween the rebels and Sudan's new

government of Lt.-Gen. Omar

Hassan Al Bashir, who seized power in a June 30 coup, and

were proposed by the new milit-

ary regime, said SPLA spokes-

man Justin Arop.
"Khartoum asked for the meet-

ng." Arop said in a telephone

interview from the rebels' head-

quarters in Ethiopia's capital,

Addis Ababa. "They say they are

going to solve the problem of

Sudan. We are going to listen to

Arop said the Sudanese gov-

ernment delegation, led by Col.

Sudan

peace

talks

rebel spokesman.

Solidarity leader Lech Walesa (centre) holds hands with United Peasants Party leader Roman Mali-nowski (left) and Democratic Party leader Jerzy

Jozwiak in Warsaw after they took the decision to form a coalition government without the ruling Polish United Workers Party

# demonstrate in Azerbaijan

MOSCOW (R) — Hundreds of thousands of people, some hold-ing banners proclaiming "Down with Russian dictatorship,' Saturday packed the central square of Baku, capital of the Azerbaijan republic, protest organisers said.

The gathering was called by the unofficial Azerbaijani Popular Front to back its demands for greater local autonomy and continued control of the disputed region of Nagorno-Karabakh.
Popular Front spokesman

Nazim Ragimov told Renters by telephone from Baku that at least 600,000 people were taking part in the protest, which was due to last until 1 a.m. (2000 GMT). No independent crowd estimate was

Ragimov said the gathering

was much larger than a similar protest in Baku's Lenin Square Monday at the end of a one-day protest strike. An estimated 150,000 people took part in that demonstration.

He said Azerbaijani Communist Party chief Abdul Vezirov had lost the trust of the people. "He is a tsar without an empire."

the Popualr Front and the Azerbaijani leadership had achieved nothing. "They are not prepared to agree to any one of our

The Popular Front has threatened to call a general strike across the republic unless the authorities support their calls for greater political and economic antonomy and the recall of parliamentary deputies they say are

Ragimov said talks between

They are also demanding an end to Moscow's direct control over Nagorno-Karabakh, imposed last year after clashes between Azerbaijanis and Armenians, and the end to a curfew and military presence in Baku and other Azerbaijani towns.

Another Popular Front member said crowds at Saturday's demonstration were waving banners proclaiming "Down with Russian Dictatorship" and "establish political sovereignty in Azerbaijan."

He said another demonstration. would be held Sept. 2 to decide whether to call a general strike in the republic.

The front's leadership said as many as 60 major enterprises closed down during Monday's

warning strike, but local officials said the number was much lower. Transport and the oil industry were working normally, they

The Azerbaijani authorities,

while agreeing to talk to front leaders, have refused to formally recognise the movement, which aims to promote reform and eventually replace the entire leadership of the republic. Underlying the evident popular

support for the movement are its demands for a more aggressive stance over Nagorno-Karabakh, where the majority Armenians are pressing for secession from Azerbaijan.

At least 100 people have died in Azerbaijan and Armenia in the past 18 months of strife over the Karabakh issue.

# Jaruzelski nominates Mazowiecki as premier

WARSAW (R) — President Wo-jciech Jaruzelski proposed Solidarity editor Tadeusz Mazowiecki Saturday as Poland's next prime minister after 45 years of Communist rule. Jaruzelski will present a motion

to the speaker of parliament soon to give Mazowiecki the task of forming a government, the official news agency PAP said.
"The president thinks that the

formation of such a government will be conducive to expeditiously overcoming economic difficulties, continuing reforms stemming from the philosophy and essence of the 'round table' and satisfying the needs and aspirations of Polish society," PAP said in its report on the president's nomina-

The announcement represented a dramatic reversal for Mazowiecki and the Solidarity independent trade union. In 1981. Jaruzelski imposed martial law to crush the union. Mazo-

Now he has been tabbed to take over a government facing severe economic problems — including high inflation and a \$39billion foreign debt — and public dissatisfaction with food shor-

Jaruzelski's announcement appeared to confirm reports he Solidarity-led coalition govern-ment. If formed, it would be the first non-communist government in Poland in 45 years and the first ever in the Soviet-led East Bloc.

Mazowiecki, 62, is a close adviser to Solidarity leader Lech Walesa. Mazowiecki will take office only four months after Solidarity was relegalised. It was banned for seven years after the Communist authorities declared martial law in 1981.

The president also accepted the resignation of Prime Minister Czeslaw Kiszczak who conceded

wiecki was jailed for a year in the defeat this week in his efforts to put together a Communist-led

Mazowiecki spent Saturday walking in woods outside Warsaw, contemplating possible candidates for his government.
The Communist Party's policy-

making central committee was holding an urgent meeting in Warsaw to discuss the crisis of the had accepted the concept of a last three weeks. Many senior Communists are enraged at the party's failure to put up a stronger fight against Solidarity.

Jaruzelski's proposal puts Poland on a path uncharted by any Soviet-allied East European country. Conservative Communist leaderships in East Germany, Czechoslovakia and Romania have expressed alarm.

Solidarity spokesman Janusz Onyszkiewicz described the imminent creation of a Solidarityled government as the final nail in the coffin of the leading role of the Communist Party.

Mohammad Al Amin Khalifa, arrived Saturday morning and that, while a venue had not been chosen, the talks were to begin that afternoon.

Lam Akol, a member of the SPLA's high command, will lead the rebels' delegation, said Arop. Each of the negotiating teams will

be 11-strong.

He said the agenda would determine the length of the talks. but would not comment further.

The talks come five days after a speech by SPLA leader John Garang in which he threatened to use military force and a popular uprising to overthrow the new military government unless it stepped down and paved the way for general elections.

Garang also demanded the release of political prisoners and the lifting of a ban on political parties Bashir imposed after the

Following the speech, Khalifa was quoted as saying Garang's statement would not affect the peace talks and underlining the government's resolve not to "pursue a course of action and reac-

#### 51 killed in Sri Lanka; W. Germans urged to leave

COLOMBO (AP) — Some West Germans working in violence-plagued areas of Sri Lanka have been asked to return home as 51 more people died in the island nation's ethnic wars, officials said Saturday.

The deaths were reported in incidents across the country during the 48-hour period ending at 8 a.m. (0230 GMT) Saturday, said military officials.

They blamed at least 37 of the killings in central and southern Sri Lanks on Sinhalese extrem-A West German embassy offi-

cial said her government's agencies, funding six projects in cen-tral and north-central provinces, have asked their employees to return home with their families. Anna Otto-Hallensleben, the embassy official, said she did not have the exact number of the

Germans who were expected to leave within a few days. "The six projects represent around one-fifth of the number of West German projects funded in Sri Lanka," she said. "The agen-cies feel if the workers cannot

perform satisfactorily they should return. ... but they will come back if the situation improves." The six projects are in agriculture, rural development and

West Germany is the first country to ask its nationals to leave Sri Lanka since the ethnic strife escalated this month. Earlier this month, the United States had asked its citizens to avoid unnecessary travel to Sri Lanka. once considered a tourist haven. A Tamil insurrection for an independent nation began six years ago and has claimed 11,000 lives

The government's peace overtures to Tamil rebels in 1987 angered, ultranationalist Sinhalese extremists from the People's Liberation Front, who launched a campaign of assassinations and strikes.

At least 4,000 killings have been blamed on the front since June 1987, when the government concluded an India-brokered peace accord designed to end the l'amil separatism. The front says the accord gave too many concessions to the

minority Tamils and comprom-

ised the country's independence

by allowing Indian peacekeeping soldiers to be deployed in the northeast. In their latest violence, suspected front members killed 20 people Thursday in nine separate incidents in central Kandy dis-

trict, the military officials said.

In Kalutara district of southern Sir Lanka, the radicals shot and killed six relatives Thursday in their home, which was then burned, the officials said. Eight more civilians were killed

in separate incidents Friday in central and southern districts, they said without giving details. They said five radicals and three Sinhalese policemen were killed in separate incidents in the districts Thursday and Friday.

Police also recovered two bodies

of unidentified men Saturday.

In the northeastern Trincomalee town, two Indian soldiers and a Sinhalese policeman were killed Friday when a bomb exploded in a building, the officials said. Members of the Liberation Tigers of Tamil Eclam, the strongest rebel group, were believed to have planted the bomb.

MIDDLE EAST NEWS BRIEFS

NICOSIA, Cyprus (AP) — Two women were among the 79 motorious and professional" drug sanugglers hanged Saturday in fran, the Islamic Republic News Agency (IRNA) reported. IRNA,

monitored in Nicosia, said the convicts were hanged in Tehran and 21 provincial cities after being found guilty by the Islamic Revolutionary

Court, which runs the strangent anti-narcotics campaign. The agency

said those executed were found guilty of continued involvement in

buying, selling and distributing several tonnes of optum and hundreds

of kilos (pounds) of heroin; forming armed gangs and fighting police.

About 900 drug saugglers have been executed since Iran started a crackdown at the beginning of the year with a new law mandating the death sentence for possessing even small quantities of drugs and jail for addicts. The highest announced, one-day toll was 81 executions

iran hangs 79 for drug trafficking

# Rafsanjani presents cabinet devoid of hardline rivals

Hashemi Rafsanjani introduced his cabinet to the parliament. Saturday, dropping hardline opponents including the former terior minister that more than half the parliamentary deputies petitioned him to keep, the offi-cial Islamic Republic News Agency (IRNA) reported.

Instead of Ali Akbar Mohtashemi, Rafsanjani selected Abdullah Nouri, a leading figure in the Revolutionary Guards Corps, as interior minister.

IRNA said that 12 of the proposed appointments in the 22member cabinet were new faces. Press reports indicated the list could spark a political brawl in

the Mailis, or parliament. IRNA said that 138 deputies signed a letter, read in the Majlis Saturday, asking Rafsanjani to keep Mohtashemi as interior

The deputies acknowledged the competition between the two men, saying "the presence of powerful personalities in the future cabinet is inevitable."

But it urged him to appoint. Mohtashemi, noting the "sensitivity of the arrogant world" the usual reference to the United

States — to the issue.

Mohtashemi, a middle-ranking cleric appointed interior minister in October 1985 after being ambassador to Syria from 1981, is considered the head of the hardline faction.

Foreign Minister Ali Akbar Velayati, Oil Minister Gholemreza Aqazadeh and Minister of Islamic Guidance Mohammad Khatami will all keep their posts, said IRNA, monitored in

Nicosia.
Rafsanjani had been expected to the

scheduled to review and approve new procedures for approving ministers Saturday, and they apparently finished the voting early enough for Rafsanjani to give them his list.

Each minister will have to be confirmed by the 270-seat body, hich will start debate Sunday, IRNA said.

Earlier Saturday the govern-ment-supervised Tehran Times had reported that Rafsanjani would not include his hardline opponents in the cabinet.

Former Prime Minister Hussein Musavi and Minister of Intelligence Mohammad Reyshahri, two other major figures in the faction opposed to Rafsanjani, were not included. Musavi's post of prime minister was crapped under constitutional changes that concentrate execu-

tive power in the presidency. Rafsanjani acknowledged during his inauguration speech Thursday that a fight was brewing over his appointments, with some ministers refusing to serve in his

IRNA did not say whether Rafsanjani was dumping Mohtashemi and his other opponents or whether they had declined to work with him.

But the petition from the Mailis, where hardliners strengthened their hold in April 1988 elections, seemed to indicate that Mohtashemi was being pushed

Rafsaniani is viewed as a pragmatist, seeking more private investment and links with the West to obtain the technology and financing to rebuild the economy shattered by 8 years of war with

Also a middle-ranking cleric,

after the June 3 death of Ayatoilah Ruhollah khomeini, architect of the 1979 Islamic revolution.

His predecessor Ali Khamenei. elected to succeed Ayatollah Ruhollah Khomeini, stepped aside seven weeks before the end of his term to allow Rafsanjani to

Rafsanjani's hardline rivals support a centralised economy and believe confronting the West serves to feed the Islamic fervor of the revolution.

The shape of Rafsanjani's government, and especially the competition with the hardline faction, will ultimately decide how fast Iran moves on a number of foreign policy issues such as signing a peace treaty with Iraq and pressuring pro-Iranian groups in Leba-non to release the Western hos-

tages they hold.

The interior minister heads the endammerie and police forces, the revolutionary committees and controlled Iran's 24 provincial governors, many of them his appointees.

Nouri is a Majlis deputy for the central city of Islahan and chairman of planning and budget com-mittee. He was Khomeini's representative with the Revolutionary Guards, with powers to appoint and dismiss its commanders.

Also a middle-ranking cleric, he was also named by Khomeini in April 1989 to the committee that amended the 1979 constitu-

Rey-Shahri will be succeeded by his deputy, middle-ranking cleric Ali Fallahian, IRNA said. Fallahian has been a key official in the security apparatus, particularly in the campaign against the Mujahedee c-Khalq, the main opposition group whose

members gradually fled underground. It is now headquartered

IRNA said the list did not include a name for the post of deputy president, which does not require Majlis approval.

The English-language Tehran Times, which was correct in predicting most of the appointments, said the post would go to Hassan Habibi, justice minister since August 1984. The French-educated lawyer helped draft the Islamic republic's first constitution. He was a member of the first Majlis, and minister of culture and higher education in the provisional goverument that ran the country after the 1979 overthrow of the monarchy.

He was an unsuccessful candidate in the first presidential election in 1980.

The proposed minister of economics and finance is Mohsen Nourbakhsh, a Majlis deputy and former governor of the central bank. He was an advocate of tight money policy and during his te-nure and inflation rate was kept at 10-20 per cent. It rose to 50 per

Akbar Torkan, the head of the defence industries, has been nominated minister of defence and armed forces logistics. The new ministry, which has yet to be approved by the Majlis, is a merger of the guards and the

Rafsanjani introduced Moham mad Hussein Nezhad-Husseinian, a former transport minister, as heavy industries minister, in place of Behzad Nabavi. Last week a number of Mailis deputies called for his dismissal for allegedly embezzing tens of millions of dollars.



## Gulf truce intact but peace elusive

By Alistair Lyon

BAGHDAD - On hall 312 in the central sector of the front, one Iraqi and one Iranian sol dier have shared the same faxhole since a ceasefire halted the Gulf war one year ago.

"They sit there drinking ten together," Vesselin Kostov, itical officer for the 350strong United Nations Iran-Iraq Military Observer Group (UNIIMOG), told Reuters.

Nobody seems to know how the soldiers ended up in the same trench without shooting each other before the U.N.mediated ceasefire formally en-ded hostilities on Aug. 20,

They have an obvious personal interest in Keeping the peace, but their enforced coexistence at close quarters shows how hard it has been for UNIIMOG's patient officers to persuade either aide to give ground to make forward positions less dangerous.

It has proved equally diffi-cult for the United Nations to get the belligerents to agree on a withdrawal to interna boundaries, which Security Council Resolution 598 stipulated as the next step after dation of the ceasefire.

"The parties cannot agree on the meaning of the ceasefire," Kostov said. "We suggested that both sides withdraw from these close positions, but they woz't move an inch."

Iraqi and Iranian forces are only 10 metres apart in a dozen places along the 1,200-kilometre front that snakes through desert, marsh and

UNIIMOG receives about 100 alleged ceasefire violations a menth, many of them minor, and confirms at least a quarter. U.N. observers from 26 nations use jeeps, helicopters, bosts, males, skis or their own feet to patrol both sides of the line, and sometimes manage to settle the disputes.

"The pattern is unchanged," Kestov suid. "Most of the alleged violations are to do with military engineering works, im-proving positions, moving weapons, building lookout posts. A lot of the activity seems to be just to keep soldiers

busy."

Kostov said reported violations in the northern sector had increased over the the past few

A major dispute over Iranian flooding of Iraqi forward posi-tions along 60 kilometres of the southern Basra sector led to artillery and mortar bettles in rounds were fired, some landing close to U.N. military

There were no cas the conflict was not settled and UNIIMOG fears it may flare again if autumn rains aggra-vate the flooding and the two sides resume building ear-

Kostov said the observer group, which costs the United s almost \$8 million a month, had been able to keep iran and iraq informed about the other side's civil reconstruction projects near the

"Reconstruction work on (the Iraqi ports of) Basra and Fao and on the (Iranian) oil refinery at Abadan was coordinated with UNIIMOG and there have been no incidents. be said.

Iran and Iraq, however, the ceasefire into a lasting peace settlement after eight years of war that killed up to one million people and wound-

U.N. Secretary-General Javier Perez de Cuellar Friday arged iran and iraq to agree to pull back troops and exchange about 100,000 prisoners of war-

as part of new peace efforts.
"It is a source of deep regret to me that withdrawal to the internationally recognised bor-ders has yet to take place," he said in a statement shead of Sunday's ceasefire anniversary.

Iran has demanded that Iraqi troops leave pockets of Ira-nian land, while Iraq has mid a PoW, exchange should take

priority. Tehran also rejects lraq's claim to sovereignty over the Shatt Al Arab Waterway, effectively divided evenly us 1975 tresty which Iraqi President Saddam Hussein tore up when the Galf war began. Both sides blame the other for lack of progress in several

rounds of peace talks which started five days after the ceas-

Typhoid reported among refugees

on March 10.

SIDON (R) — Typhoid fever has broken out among refugees camping in South Lebanon to escape the battle of Beirut, Red Cross dectors said Friday. By some estimates at least half of the capital's 1.5 million people have fied. The doctors, who work for the International Committee of the Red Cross, said the infections were due to poor living conditions and sanitation. Many of the refugees sleep in the open, under tents or in cars. Among 350 people along the banks of the Awali river 40 kilometres south of Beirut, at least eight have typhoid, 15 severe diarrhoea and eight high fevers, they said.

#### French mayor reprimanded

PARIS (R) - French Interior Minister Pierre Joxe, moving to avert a threatened ethnic dispute, has condemned the destruction of a mosque in a small southeastern town and formally reprimanded it; mayor. A buildozer razed a makeshift mosque in Charven-Chavagneux, near Grenoble, during morning prayers earlier this week, outraging local Mussims and sparking several arson attacks. Right-wing Mayor Gerard Dezempte said the demolition was accidental adding the bulldozers were meant to destroy another wing of the condemned building where the mosque was housed. But Joxe rejected the mayor's explanation. "Following the destruction made to look accidental, of a Muslim shrine, I have asked the department prefect to inform Charvieu-Chavagneux's mayor of the government's condemnation and my personal indignation," he said in a statement. Such acts of violence and intolerance damage our country and the peace of the nation. They must be forbidden in the future and made amends for as soon as possible," he added.

### French ald worker killed in Afghanistan

ISLAMABAD (R) — A French aid worker was killed in Afghanistan when government troops amoushed the rebel group he was travelling with, a spokesman for the French embassy in Pakistan has said. He said Vincent Gurnigon was working for Huadicap International, an organisation making artificial limbs. French consul Charles-Pierre Burky said 12 Mujahedeen rebels were also killed in the ambush Wednesday but could give no further details of the incident. Scores of Western aid workers have crossed from Pakistan into Afghanistan with rebel groups to set up clinics or organise development projects in rebel-held territory. Artificial limbs are particularly important as thousands of Afghans have lost arms or legs in minefields or in bombing or shelling attacks.

### Fasting Moroccans in critical condition

RABAT (R) — Two Moroccan human rights groups have said four political prisoners were in critical condition on the 63rd day of a hunger strike. Three of the four, who are demanding political prisoner status, were jailed for up to eight years in 1984 for their part in riots in various parts of the country. The fourth is a student jailed for two years for disturbing the peace. In a joint statement the Moroccan League and Association of Human Rights appealed to the government to meet the prisoners' demands "to avoid an imminent saster." In a separate statement, members of the families of the four said the prisoners were being force-fed at the Avicenne Hospital in Rabat. The Moroccan authorities have said the hunger strikers are common criminals sentenced by the courts and have no right to any special status or preferential treatment while in custody.

### Polisario activists reportedly defect

RABAT (R) — A leading propagandist and two rebel fighters have defected from the Polisario Front, Moroccan newspapers have reported. L'Opinion said the movement's chief propagandist in Algiers. Ma Al Ainin Mrabih Rabou, director of the Foreign Information Department, had taken refuge in Morocco. Rissalat Al Oumma said rebel company Commander Ahmad Bourkini and guerrilla fighter Boursif had also defected to Morocco. Omar Hadrami, a founding member of the Polisario and its chief representative in Washington, defected on Aug. 9. The Moroccan press says that the rebel movement has been falling apart since accepting a United Nations peace plan a year ago.

### **israel seeks** role in space programme

TEL AVIV (R) — Israel, which joined an elite club of world space, powers last year by launching a satellite into orbit, said Thursday it had asked to take part in the U.S. space programme. Professor Yuval. Neeman, head of the Israel Space Agency, told Israel Radio he raised the idea when he met Vice-President Dan Quayle in Washington Neeman said Quayle, as chairman of the National Space Council, arranged for him to meet American space experts in two weeks. Israel last September became the first space power in the Middle East by successfully putting into orbit OFEK-1, an experimental communications satellite. Neeman said he proposed that Israel play a specific role in the U.S. space programme as it does in the American Strategic Defence (Initiative (SDI), popularly known as.

### Kabul marks independence amid rocket attacks the streets.

KABUL (AP) - At least a dozen rockets hit Kabul Saturday as the Afghan government marks the 70th anniversary of independence from Britain without pomp

Jamhuriyat hospital reported three people injured. Two women were hurt in separate strikes, one on the ground as a rocket grazed the roof of an unoccupied cinema and another at a home near the British high

Others fell throughout the city, including the airport. Saturday is normally the first day of the working week in Afghanistan, with bazaars bust-

ling and thousands of Kabulis on

because of the independence holiday and rumours that U.S.backed guerrillas fighting to overthrow the Soviet-backed government were planning massive rocket attacks.

But streets were almost empty

Kabul has been hit by almost daily rocketing since late June. The government blames the guerrillas. There was no claim of responsibility for Saturday's

One rocket Saturday went through the roof of the home of a family in Karte Parwann just blocks from the British high commission, which was closed before the Feb. 15 withdrawal of Soviet troops from Afghanistan.

It went through two floors, landing in the living room and showering shrapnel on a woman who was hurt in the back and right arm.

Young boys and girls wailed hysterically and the brother of the injured woman said the United States was responsible for the deaths of innocent Afghans.
"They're killing us. Why are they killing us?," he asked, refus-

ng to give his name. United Nations sources say 335 people were killed and over 900 jured in rocket attacks and a carbombing between June 25 and Aug. 12. Virtually all were civiThe Afghan government Thursday accused the United States of supplying the rebels with new, more deadly rockets which explode in mid-air showering warheads over a wide area.

U.S. officials have promised new arms shipments to the Muiahedeen but have not revealed the types of weapons. Published reports say these include cluster bombs and Spanish 120-mm mortars to crater airport runways.

The government's commemoration of King Amanullah's treaty with Britain in 1919 giving Afghanistan its independence was almost non-existent.

# Tangier hosts 'party of the decade'

By Jonathan Clayton

TANGIER — Belly-dancers and hundreds of other artists wait to entertain the guests. One hundred sheep have been prepared to feed them, and 2,000 bottles of wine assembled for the "party of the decade."

American publishing magnate Malcolm S. Forbes, the self-styled "prophet of capitalism," has arrived in Tangier to host his 70th birthday party. "It's going to be a fantastic party. It is some event," film

star Elizabeth Taylor told reporters while making a quick inspection tour of the former sultan's palace Forbes owns in the city. Taylor, the frequent compan-ion of Forbes since he divorced

in 1985, was one of the first guests to arrive. Another was Betsy

Bloomingdale, owner of the chic New York department store of the same name.

JORDAN TELEVISION

"My first time in Morocco. and I love it already. It is going to be a great, great party," she said.

She had just arrived with a group of other high society New Yorkers at the Hotel Solazur taken over by Forbes and completely refurbished for his

Before its \$1 billion facelift, the hotel was a down-market package-deal affair. Now it has been completely

repainted in blue, gold and -Forbes's favourite colour dollar-green. A few grumbles were still heard, however, about Moroccan air-conditioning which has a habit of heating rather than cooling rooms.

In the Foyer stands a giant hot-air balloon in honour of the bost. Forbes - chairman and editor-in-chief of Forbes business and financial magazine was the first man to fly across the United States in a hot-air

Most of his guests had artived too for an unashamedly extravagant event where Cartier is common and Guesi vulgar. Conservative estimates put the cost of the party at \$3

The party of "Ali Dada" Forbes - an unabashed canitalist - was being held Saturday evening in the splendid grounds of the Mendoub palace overlooking the Atlantic.

For weeks, gardeners and interior designers have been bringing the place up to scratch. About 800 of the world's rich and famous were to dine in six tents -- one hosted by Forbes and one by each of his five children, the official hosts.

The meal was to be traditional Moroccan fare, interspersed with entertainment. In all 1.000 artists, including bellydancers, flame-eaters and acrobats, had been hired to keep the guests amused. Besides the sheep, caterers

had laid on 100 chickens, 1,000 bottles of white wine, 1,000 bottles of red wine, and 200

magnums of champagne.

Tangier — nowadays the poorest of Morocco's big cities - bas taken such ostentatious expenditure in its stride. To be wealthy here, where so many people are poor, is considered a blessing, not a sin.

The annual worth of the guests at the party - corporate America — was put at \$40 billion, almost double Morocco's external debt of around \$23

On Saturday, everything was ready for the biggest bash of a dying decade.

The vachts of media mogula Rupert Murdoch and Robert Maxwell were moored alongside each other, not too far away from that of Greek shipping tycoon Stavros Niarchos. Private planes choked the one-runway Tangier airport. And Tangier's usual summer

tourists gaped in amazement.

### efire silenced most of the game. **JORDAN TIMES DAILY GUIDE AND CALENDAR**

PROGRAMME ONE	
15:38 Koran	
15:40 Programme review	
15:45 Chikiren programme	- 2
rz.16 Roothall	
17-19 Pootball 18-90 News summary in Arabic	- 1
18:05 Local programme 18:29 Give Me a Break	- 7
Gine Me a Break	- 7
16.25 Care one of production	
19:15 Local programme	- 1
19:49 Programme review	- :
20:00 News in Arabic	
20:30 Arabic series	
21:40 Programme review	,
21:50 Local programme	4
22:48 Varieties programme	•
23:89 News summary in Arabic	
	- 1
PROGRAMME TWO	
17:30 Le monde magique chantal goya	
18:00 Loft story	- 1
18:30 Perfecto	
19:00 News in French	- (
19:15 Douce France	7
19:39 News in Hebrew	- 1
19:45 Varieties programme	
20-00 News in Arabic	1
76.76 Frank and — Bleens & Biomocra	
21-18 Doc. "Assistment Adventures	
News in English	

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PRAYER TIMES

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The Church of Jesus Christ of Latters

Day Saints Tel. 815617, 821264

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Yesterday's high temperatures: Amman 33, Aqaba 40. Humidity readings: Amman 21 per cent, Aqaba 34 per

USEFUL TELEPHONE

NUMBERS

**NIGHT DUTY** 

Min./max. temp. 21 / 34

EMERGENCIES Civil Defence Department .... Civil Defence Immediate

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Jordan Television 661101 774111

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Princess Haya Hospital ....

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POR THE TRAVELLER QUEEN ALIA

(RJ)

INTERNATIONAL AIRPORT This information is supplied by Royal fordenian (RI) information depart-ment at the Queen Alia International Airport Tel. (08)33200-5, where it should always be verified. ATEVALS Royal Jordanian (RJ) Flights (Terminal 1) Abo Dhahi, Dobai (RI)

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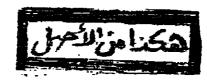
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# King Hussein visits Amman Municipality

AMMAN (Petra) — His Majesty King Hussein Saturday visited Greater Amman Manicipolity and in a statement later voiced his deep satisfaction with and great appreciation of the work of the Mayor Abdul Raouf Al Rawabdeh and the municipal council, and their endeavours to provide services to Amman residents.

"I take pride in and feel grateful to the mayor and his colleagues in the Amman Muni-cipal Council for what they have so far offered to the capital and the developments and improvements they introduced to the city," King Hussein said after the visit.

The King, accompanied by Prime Minister Sharif Zald Ibu Shaker, was briefed by Rawabdeh on the municipality's daties and programmes and its future

services projects.

Commenting later on the briefing, King Hussein said he

was quite confident that "the march will continue, plans will be carried out and objectives

King Hussein said that he was briefed on future projects which will be implemented very soon; and he described the mayor as "a dear brother" wishing him success.

Referring to the work of local development councils, the King said that he wished them sucsigned to provide a better fature for the coming genera-

The King pledged continued support for the local development councils with all possible



Greater Amman Mayor Abdul Raouf Al Rawabdeh Saturday briefs His Majesty King Hussein

and Prime Minister Sharif Zaid Ibn Shaker on the municipality's projects. (Petra photo)

### **ACC Awqaf ministers** agree to confront subversive ideologies

Awqaf and Islamic Affairs in the four-member Arab Cooperation Council (ACC) countries have agreed to confront ideologies considered subversive and dangerous to Islam, and decided to carry out a strategy to fend off external dangers directed against the Islamic faith, Minister of Awqaf and Islamic Affairs Dr. Abdul Aziz Al Khayyat said Saturday.

The ministers decided to confront and deal firmly with subversive ideologies and extremist sects, including Al Batiniyya (a school of thought in Islam, characterised by divining a hidden, secret meaning in the revealed texts), which poses a great danger to the Islamic World; the minister said in a statement upon returning from Baghdad where the ministers of Awqaf and Islamic affairs of Jordan, Iraq, Egypt and North Yemen met to discuss joining forces to promote Islamic teachings and coordinate their countries' efforts in religious

According to Khayyat, Al Batiniyya has already spread in North Africa, East Asia, the Soviet Union and Islamic centres. He stressed that this is a dangerous sect designed to undermine the existing Islamic systems in the world "because their advocators are linked to conspiracies concocted by the enemies of Islam and bent on implementing colonial plans."

Khayyat's statement echoed a similar warning by Iraqi Minister of Islamic Affairs Abdullah Fadil who also called on his colleague to draw up a joint strategy to counter Iranian-backed Islamic

together to counter devious, ex- Soviet Union, consists of 100,000 tremist and destructive trends and prevent their members from 30,000 were dispatched in the influencing the religious arena, first consignment, the minister Fadil said at the meeting in pointed out.

AMMAN (Petra) — Deputy

Prime Minister and Minister of

Interior Salem Masa'deh had a

meeting here Saturday with Dr.

Akram Nashaat Ibrahim, secret-

ary general of the Interior Minis-

ters' Council, who is taking part in

a three-day meeting by the pan-

Arab conference on reformatory

centres and prisons in the Arab

They discussed a number of

issues pertaining to security in the

Hadi Al Majali during which they

discussed topics on the agenda of

the four-day conference which

opened in Amman Friday with

the participation of delegates

from various Arab countries.

Baghdad.
Fadil also urged his colleagues to work against pro-Iranian movements in Lebanon, which, he described, as anti-Islam and anti-

According to Khayyat, the four ministers have adopted a plan to expose what he termed as "evil sects" and decided to set up a joint standing committee to work in this field.

He said that the four ministers agreed to recruit qualified youths to confront and foil conspiracies and strive to present Islam in its true image.

Agreement was also reached on unifying the four countries' stands at all international and Islamic conferences and to coordinate their steps when publishing Islamic books, exchanging publications, preserving Islamic manuscripts and safeguarding Islamic archaeological sites, espe-cially in Jerusalem, Khayyat

Agreement was also reached on unifying legislations concernthe work of ministries of Islamic Affairs, and working out plans for cultural and religious occasions, as well as taking part in a major celebration marking the Prophet Mohammad's birthday in Cairo, the minister said. He said that the four countries will coordinate their religious

programmes and will cooperate in Waqf investments and pilgrimage affairs. Khayyat said in a statement later that copies of the Holy Koran have been shipped to Muslims in the Soviet Union as a gift

from His Majesty King Hussein. The gift, sent upon the request "We are duty bound to work of religious institutions in the copies of the Koran, but only

### Arab information strategy talks to highlight Palestinian intifada

TUNIS (Petra) — A pan-Arab strategy, which in part aims to highlight the Palestinian intifada and win further support for the Palestinian people's just struggle for freedom, will be reviewed at a meeting here Monday by the Arab Information Standing Com-

Jordan is taking part in the three-day meeting which hinges on cultural, economic as well as political matters for the Arab

According to an Arab League spokesman, the strategy will coordinate Arab countries' en-

deavours to gain worldwide support for the Palestinian people, pool information resources to counter Israel's hostile campaigns against the Arab Nation and help promote peace efforts to end Israel's occupation of Arab land.

Questions such as corroborating inter-Arab cooperation in information and propagating Arab cultural and economic achievements worldwide, he said, will be discussed at the meeting.

The spokesman said that a joint Arab information endeavour in the international are-

na, particularly in the United States, during the coming year will also be discussed by the

He said that the projected strategy was decided by Arab information ministers at their meeting in Baghdad last year. The committee, he added, will

discuss ways to maximise benefits from the Arab satellite and to establish a joint television production company.

Ministry of Information Secretary General Trad Al Fayez will lead Jordan's delegation to the coming meeting in Tunis.



### Samra opens Romanian photo exhibition

AMMAN (J.T.) - An exhibition of Romanian photographs organised by the Romanian embassy in Amman was opened Saturday at the University Samra. The exhibition, which will remain open for the coming four days displays 39 photographs

depicting cultural and urban development in Romania and brochures outlining cultural, social and economic development in the country. Romaembassy staff were among a group of people present at the opening ceremony.

# **UNRWA** employees to strike Monday

AMMAN (J.T.) — Some 6,000 employees of the United Nations Relief and Works Agency (UNRWA) are staying at home Monday, just one day before the reopening of schools in Jordan for the new scholastic year, in a show of protest against delays in meeting their demands for better pay.

Ten days ago representatives of the UNRWA employees stated a The sit-in- at UNRWA agency headquarters in Amman and demanded that management respond immediately to their demands

and increase their salaries. Committee members then warned that the sit-in would be followed by further steps, and called on UNRWA Director in Amman Ele Saaf to speed up survey on the cost of living in Jordan which would serve as a basis for the expected increases. Saaf, for his part, said that he

was sympathising with the staff but can only wait for the survey team to come from Vienna and conduct its survey and submit a report on its findings.

Saaf said the agency does not deny that the condition of UN-RWA employees requires attention, but all that depends on the outcome of the survey which he hoped will take place as soon as

The employees, who were

given a 10 per cent cost of living allowance by UNRWA a year ago, demand that the survey be conducted before the end of Au-A committee, elected by the

employees to advocate their cause, had already sent a cable to the agency's commissioner general in Vienna presenting the most important requests and demanding an increase in their salaries in view of the decline in the value of the dinar, and said that the action should be taken before the end of the current month.

A committee spokesman said that the agency responded to employees in Lebanon and gave them 86 per cent allowance on their salaries to make up for the decline in the value of the Lebanese pound and to improve their living conditions.

The agency has benefitted from

against the U.S. dollar and saved some \$24 million in Jordan's budget this year, the spokesman

He said that the agency has decided to use the saved amount to cover other services in other areas, instead of giving it to its employees in Jordan who are rightfully entitled to it.

The committee argues that the employees are entitled to receive pay equal to the amount allocated for them in dollars and received before the devaluation.

In May last year a similar dispute flared up and a sit-in was staged at the agency's headquarters to back demands for better

Monday's protest will not affect the students who go to classes on the following day at all UNRWA schools in Jordan.

According to committee members more action could be taken later if the demands are not met.

The survey team's work includes a study of the pay condition, cost of living in Jordan an fringe benefits enjoyed by gov ernment employees such as hous ing, consumer shops, etc.

### Jordan, Iraq to discuss rail link

AMMAN (J.T.) - A projected rail link between Jordan and Iraq will be discussed here early next month by a joint technical committee, according to an announcement Saturday by Dr. Mohammad Simadi, the Ministry of Transport and Telecommunications' secretary general.

Simadi, who heads the Jordanian side in the committee, said that the two-day meeting was expected to approve a feasibility study conducted on the rail project prior to referring it to the Iraqi and Jordanian governments

Simadi said that the rail project will be of an immense strategic and economic significance and was bound to boost bilateral cooperation in all fields, particularly in increasing the volume of exchanged goods and the number of passengers travelling from one country to the other.

In June the joint committee said that \$1.9 billion will be needed for the railway which would link the Red Sea port of Aqaba with Baghdad.

The 1,000-kilometre line will stretch from Iraq's western town of Al Haditha which has a fail connection with Baghdad, the

Last April, Iraq announced that it has prepared an initia study on the project.

Iraq relies a great deal on th port city of Agaba for its imperand there is a fleet of 900 true. owned and operated by the Iraq-Jordan Land Transport Company which transports goods to Iraq from the Jordanian port city.

### Registration for National Music **Conservatory to start Aug. 21**

AMMAN (J.T.) — The National Music Conservatory, which is sponsored by the Noor Al Hussein Foundation (NHF), announced Saturday that it will open classes for teaching music on Sept. 2, and said that registration will start Monday, Aug. 21.

The conservatory provides instruction in music theory and appreciation, as well as systematic training in playing Western and Arab musical instruments.

An NHF press release said that the conservatory aims to promote music education as well as music awareness and appreciation in

It also strives to provide Jordanians with serious music instruction at all levels and to train music teachers for public and private schools in the Kingdom. The release said that the con-

servatory also seeks to develop a

professional quality youth orches-

tra the members of which could go on to form a Jordanian symphony orchestra.

Under the conservatory's auspices, the Amman City Orchestra was formed in 1986 to give adults who play an instrument the

opportunity to participate in a musical ensemble.

The orchestra is composed of about 30 amateur musicians who are mostly Jordanians. It also has people from Germany, Italy, 5 gium, England, USA and the USSR. The orchestra made its debut in a concert in Amman in June 1988.

According to the press relea the conservatory's programmes this year will, for the first time. include choir singing for children aged 7 to 12 years.

### **NATIONAL NEWS IN BRIEF**

CONDOLENCES: His Majesty King Hussein Saturday delegated Chief Chamberlain Prince Ra'd Ibn Zaid to convey condolences to the Ayyoub family on the death of retired Colonel Farid Ayyoub.

BILATERAL TIES: His Royal Highness Crown Prince Hassan Saturday received the visiting Pakistani chief of staff, General Mirza Asiam Bek, and discussed with him bilateral relations and developments in the Indian sub-continent and the Middle East. The audience was attended by the Armed Forces Chief of Staff General Fathi Abu

RESIGNATION ACCEPTED: The Cabinet Saturday accepted the resignation of Royal Jordanian Chairman and Chief Executive Al: Ghandour effective Aug. 19, 1989.

CABINET: The Cabinet convened Saturday and approved the memorandum of understanding signed between the British and the Jordanian governments. The memorandum deals with the project of reforming school curricula which is part of the British technical aid amounting to £775,000. (Petra)

ROYAL DECREE: A Royal Decree has been issued endorsing the amendment of the law related to Greater Amman Municipality employees. The amendment provides for the application of the Unified Allowance Law number 23 of 1988 effective Aug. 26. (Petra)

MASA'DEH RECEIVES SUDANESE ENVOY: Deputy Prime Minister and Interior Minister Salem Masa deh Saturday received Sudanese Ambassador in Amman Mahjoub Radwan at the conclusion of his tour of duty. (Petra)

### Meeting focuses on agricultural projects

opened at the University of Jordan Saturday to discuss projects that would be implemented in Jordan in cooperation with the International Centre for Agricultural Research in the Dry Areas (ICARDA).

The two-day meeting will focus

mainly on large scale projects for the production of cereals, and fodder, and raising livestock, according to a conference source. ary General Sami Al Sunnaa said that Jordan maintains high level cooperation with ICARDA, especially in the production of

Addressing the opening session Ministry of Agriculture's Secretwheat, bariey and fodder. He said that Jordan was looking forward to promoting such cooperation so as to include the transfer

of modern technology that would boost the country's agricultural production. Other speakers at the opening

session included the ICARDA deputy director general and Dr. Suleiman Arabiyat, dean of the University of Jordan's Faculty of Agriculture, which is sponsoring

the meeting.

Arabiyat referred to a series of workshops and training course organised at the university by ICARDA to train local experts and technicians on the production of legumes, cereals and to deal with ways to safeguard soil fer-

ICARDA experts and Jordanian researchers from universities and the Ministry of Agriculture were present at the pening ses-

### Sanitary paper firms seek to raise prices support local industry, in reality

By Sana Atiyeh Special to the Jordan Times

"We have cut our production

rate by 40 per cent since last April

because we cannot keep on

manufacturing at such a great loss," Ghassan Nuqui, director of

Fine Hygienic-Paper Co. told the

"We have completely stopped production Wednesday because

we can't afford to lose any more.

We cannot resume manufacturing

until the Ministry of Supply

agrees to raise our consumer

prices by at least 35 per cent just

to break even," Mu'een Fa'uri,

production manager of Soft, the Arab Sanitary Converting Co.,

Nugul and Fa'uri say that their

companies are losing because of

the devaluation of the dinar; that

they are paying up to 820 fils for the dollar at times for raw mate-

rial, and the Ministry of Supply

was considering the exchange rate for the dollar at 370 fils for

the original price of the products,

A study was completed on

Aug. 8 by a committee from the

Ministries of Supply, Industry and Trade, and the Chamber of

Industry on the losses of the two

private companies, and they are

still waiting to hear from the

"They keep telling us they'll

give their answers about the new

prices next week. We've been

waiting for months. I don't know

why they keep delaying any ac-

according to Nuqui.

stated to the Jordan Times.

Jordan Times.

**Masa'deh and Ibrahim** discuss security affairs AMMAN - If you have noticed that you've been having difficulty in finding locally-produced tis-

> Delegates to the conference 30 per cent in production and therefore cannot manufacture until the Ministry of Supply allows them to raise their prices to at least break even.

The inmates, he said, are offered a variety of trades and vocational training programmes. They benefit from cultural and sports activities and are offered

Majali and Ibrahim explored the prospect of Arab countries benefiting from Jordan's experitheir families, the director said. ment in providing reformatory

centres and prisons with facilities designed to rehabilitate inmates, making them fit and useful members of their society.

Saturday paid a visit to the Swaqa Reformatory and Rehabilitation Centre south of Amman where they met with the centre's director who briefed them on rehabilitation programmes.

academic education.
The Swaqa centre has appropriated an area of 13,000

The inmates sell the products and with the income they support

Arab World and cooperation among Arab states in security . Ibrahim later had a meeting with Public Security Department (PSD) Director General Abdul

> dunums of land which are being planted with fruit trees and animal feed by the inmates and which bouses a cattle farm that has 72 heads of cattle and 2,000 heads of

### **WHAT'S GOING ON**

The following listings are compiled from monthly bulletins and the daily Arabic press. Readers are advised to verify the listed time and place with the concerned institutions. EXHIBITION

\* A photography exhibition depicting development in Romania at the University of Jordan.

### A cultural festival including exhibitions of books, paintings and national documents, as well as documentary films, lectures and poetry recitals at Eder Sports Club, Karak.

☆ A feature film entitled "Raging Bill" at the American Centre ---

tion they (the ministry) must take for the survival of the company," Nugul said.

Fine and Soft are the only two manufacturers of sanitary paper products in the Kingdom after a public shareholding company. sues, toilet paper, diapers, and Care, went bankrupt. The local other sanitary paper items in the manufacturers are semi-protected country for the past couple of with a 50 per cent duties on weeks, it's because the manufacsimilar imported products. turers claim they are losing up to

Fa'uri blamed the concerned ministry for stopping production because "they refuse to allow for an increase in our prices although they have the study showing them our losses and that our demands are not based on greed but on our basic right for survival."

Fa'uri explained that his family, owners of Soft, have been accused by members of the public of being "greedy" because they have not been able to manufac-ture at this loss. "We have sacrificed enough and we cannot endure much longer if the government is not going to permit us to raise our prices accordingly,'

Fa'uri said. Both Fa'uri and Nuqul say they cannot understand why the ministry is taking such a long time to make a decision for higher prices.

There was a ten per cent increase last April, but it was still insufficient because the dinar was devalued more than 20 per cent at

The two companies have been losing because, "the ministry's recent study considers the dollar at 570 fils, while currently we are buying the dollar at 770 to 800 fils. So we are losing 25 per cent," Fa'uri said. According to a decision by the

Central Bank of Jordan Friday the dollar now sells at 735 fils at commercial banks in Jordan. "We have commitments to banks and have other expenses. We just want to be able to continue manufacturing so that we

can supply the public, and to

Fa'uri noted that although the

government verbally claims to

break even," he added.

We are trying our best to give and fulfil our national duty but the obstacles are being put up by the government itself," he com-He added that even if the ministry agrees for his company,

this is not happening in their case.

which began production in 1977, to raise their prices by 20 per cent, it still would not be enough to cover the cost of production. He noted that the worldwide prices of paper alone, excluding the pulp, have risen from \$800 per tonne six months ago, to \$1,200 per tonne today. The raw material alone is 60 per cent of the total production cost.

Fa'uri insisted that his products should be priced according to the fluctuation of the dinar and to be left to free competition, and the government can monitor the prices to make sure that they are not overpriced. "We're not selling rice or sugar or milk," was a statement made by both Fa'uri and Nuqul separately to the Jordan Times, implying that the government should not interfere with their prices.

In a telephone interview with the Jordan Times, Undersecretary of the Ministry of Supply Radi Ibrahim said that the ministry will not approve raising the prices until the two companies resume selling to retailers.

"If the companies say that they have stopped manufacturing, they are lying. They continue to manufacture but they are not selling and are hiding their products. This is not only unacceptable, but it is also against the law. We have warned them, but if they continue to hide their products in this manner, we will take serious action against them," Ibrahim stated adding that once Fine and Soft start, distributing and selling their products for a "sufficient period of time," the ministry will announce the new prices at the

According to Nuqui, Fine stopped distributing to retailers 19 days ago because the shopkeepers continued to stock them up and refuse selling to consumers, knowing that the prices will eventually go up. So the company activated five of their centres at First and Third Circles, Jabal Hussein, Sweifieh and Marka where they continue to sell their products to the public.

According to one grocer, he has "as many diapers and tissues as you want in our storage. We know the prices will eventually go up, so why not make some extra profit if we can? Of course, I'll give you whatever you need at the current price because you are my regular customer, but the rest I keep hidden until the prices go up," he bluntly told the Jordan

According to Nuqui, "raising our prices is not in our interest because consumers will use less of the products or use alternatives, such as material tissues, napkins or diapers, for example. But it is essential to raise prices just so the company survives. Besides, it is known that for any product, it is better to market them at high prices rather than not have the product at all in the market." Although the production rate has dropped significantly, none of

the companies have laid off any of the workers, hoping that the government will respond as soon as possible. Many of the employees are on either paid or unpaid leave, according to the two company representatives. "If the manufacturing has to permanently stop, it is not just us (the companies) and the consumer that will suffer, but there are some 500 families dependent on both factories for their livelihood," Nuqul said.

He added that this is the first time Fine faces such complications and difficulties since his family established the company in



### **Jordan Times**

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### Stop beating around the bush

ENOUGH IS ENOUGH; it is time the veil is torn off and the realities of Lebanon are exposed simply because the only realistic move towards peace in the beleaguered country and security for its miserable people lies in calling a spade a spade and adopting concrete, sure-footed action, above all political and "strategie" considerations. For starters, it is clear that any revived move by the tripartite Arab League panel on Lebanon is not going to get anywhere because of stonewalling by at least one of the principal actors in the Lebanese arena. Therefore, it is incumbent upon the Arab World to accept the inevitability of international involvement in the issue. The proper forum to implement such international action is the U.N. Security Council, for, the Lebanese problem has grown to such proportions that none of the parties involved appears to be willing to listen to the voice of reason and accept that the situation is tant with dangers that could threaten whatever semblance of security and stability remains in the region after allowing for the perpetual Arab-Israeli conflict.

The first step towards putting a firm end to such dangers should be the implementation of Security Council resolution 425, which calls for the withdrawal of all foreign forces from Lebanon, including the Israelis in South Lebanon, the Iranians in the Bekaa Valley and the Syrians elsewhere. It should be the first and foremost priority of the international community's will and might as represented in the powers vested in the Security Council. It should be made clear to every party concerned that its military presence, in whatever form, large or small, is contributing to tension and adds new dangerous dimensions to the Lebanese problem and therefore, as friends say, there is nothing personal in demanding that no foreign force, Arab or non-Arab, remains in

One can easily see the Israelis turning the other way and playing deaf when it comes to withdrawal from Lebanon and an end to its occupation of its so-called security zone in the south. But, let the Israelis prove their sincerity (if one could call it that when they "sympathise" with the "poor Lebanese who are slaughtered like sheep") by accepting that their withdrawal from South Lebanon will be the forerunner of similar steps by others and thus will contribute to restoring security and stability and law and order in Lebanou, which will also mean restraints on cross-border attacks. By the same token, one can also see a similar Syrian and Iranian withdrawal from Lebanon as calling Israel's bluff based on the Zionist state's insistence that as long as Syrians remain in Lebanon is will also do likewise.

Let us, for the moment, freeze the question of reforms in Lebanon's system. Of course, without such reforms there cannot be peace in the country. But, to insist on reform under foreign military control is simply foothardy since the root cause traditional hostilities and old wounds -- will remain unaddressed when any solution is forcibly imposed on people. For once, leave the Lebanese alone to tackle their problems among themselves after making sure that no outside force tries any sleight of hand among them. Only the international community, with guidance from the Arab League on traditional Arab thinking and ways of politics, can perform that task. Anyone who says "no" cannot possibly have Arab or, for that matter, Lebanese interests in mind.

### **JORDAN PRESS EDITORIALS**

HIS MAJESTY King Hussein's visit to Baghdad for talks with President Saddam Hussein is given prominence in editorials by two Jordanian Arabic dailies Saturday. Al Ra'i daily said that there is no question that a united Arab stand can help deal with common challenges and external threats to the Arab World. The paper said that the two leaders discussed issues of concern to the Arab Cooperation Council, the situation in Lebanon and the Palestine problem; and their talks come at a crucial time as the Arab region is confronting serious developments. The paper noted that the two leaders are following with deep concern these developments and are trying hard to rally Arab states in efforts to settle the conflict in Lebanon where innocent people are being killed and homes destroyed. The ordeal of the Lebanese people should be ended through joint Arab efforts, and there is no doubt that the Jordanian and Iraqi leaderships are exerting strenuous efforts to achieve that goal, the paper added. It said that King Hussein's visit to Baghdad at this particular moment is of paramount importance since it extends further strength to the Arab League's action to solve the Lebanese problem.

DWELLING on the same topic Sawt Al Shaab daily said that King Hussein's surprise visit to Iraq and his talks with the Iraqi president over Lebanon and Palestine are bound to lend further impetus to the ongoing efforts to end the conflict in Lebanon. The paper said that building pan-Arab solidarity and rallying Arab efforts to save the Lebanese people from their present tragedy are on the minds of the two leaders who spare no efforts in the course of serving the Arab Nation's interests. There is urgent need at the moment to unify pan-Arab efforts to settle the Lebanese question and end the ordeal of the Lebanese people, and there is also urgent need to revive the work of the Arab League's committee to find a formula acceptable to the conflicting parties in Lebanon, the paper added. Only through joint efforts like those being exerted by the Jordanian and Iraqi leaders, and through solidarity among Arab states to end the tragedy in Lebanon, said the paper. can a solution be found.

Al Dustour daily commented Saturday on statements given by the prime minister on television Friday evening in which he discussed domestic issues and pan-Arab affairs. The paper said that that the prime minister's reaffirmation of the government's intention to go ahead with plans to enhance the national economy and carry out measures to bolster the exchange rate of the dinar revived hopes and breathed optimism in the hearts of the Jordanian people. The paper said that the crisis is bound to end in view of the government's recent measures and decisions concerning monetary and financial matters. It said that the government's determination to control public spending to reduce the deficit in the fiscal budget and to enable Jordan become self-reliant in many fields are bound to strengthen the national economy. The paper said that the prime minister's statements bear clear indication that further successes are on the way.

Sunday's Economic Pulse

# Expected or not, the burden is ours

THE JORDANIAN public opinion was taken by surprise when the economic crises erupted and the dinar declined in October 1988. People were told that everything was in order in the economic front, that the economic growth rate in Jordan was second to none, and that we achieved an economic miracle and thus grew out of the developing countries' low income group to the middle income group. At that time most economic talks and columns were trying to explain the secrets of the extra strength of

In this assuring and relaxing atmosphere, the budget deficit mushroomed and reached 40 per cent of the budget. The deficit in the current account of the balance of payments was worsening to 6 per cent of GDP. This deficit was covered by borrowing in one hand and drawing on previous reserves on the other. The dinar was almost 25 per cent overvalued, and devaluation was a dirty word no one dared to mention. It was thus inevitable to reach the critical point, when the Central Bank was unable to maintain an abnormal state of affairs. The first rush on the dinar took place on Monday, May 2, 1988. This was named black Monday, because the dinar, in that day, lost 15 per cent of its value in the money market. The rush was repeated June 2, 1988 when people realised that the debt burden was beyond Jordan's ability to service. However the moment of truth came on October when the

Central Bank was completely out of reserves, and unable to protect any exchange rate, despite selling or swaping one third of the gold, and the dinar plunged by 25 per cent in a matter of days. The crisis did not just happen in 1988, but was the result of several years of accumulation.

Looking at the reserves of the Central Bank, in gold and convertible foreign exchange, reveals a gradual deterioration over 10 years. These reserves were 131.5 per cent of the issued currency on 1979, but dropped below 100 per cent during 1982, and continued to decline to 51.3 per cent in 1984, down to 15 per

As a matter of fact Jordan was a net creditor to the world until 1981, in that the country's reserves in gold and foreign exchange were larger than its total external indebtedness. During 1981 Jordan crossed the break even point and became a net debtor. Since then the indebtedness continued to grow unabated, while the reserves continued to melt down rapidly. The crisis, therefore, was or

should have been an expected event. There is an understood tendency to blame political factors for causing the crisis. On one hand some observers think that Jordan's disengagement from the West Bank on July 31, 1988 was the starting point, while others prefer to see Israeli fingers behind

I do not subscribe to these two interpretations. Because the crisis showed up months before the disengagement, and because israel earns milions of dinars every year and may prefet to change them for more dollars either in Switzerland or the Guif markets. Israelis benefit from an overvalued dinar.

The Israeli information machine however did try to undermine the dinar by fabricating news in order to inflict more damage on the morale of the intifada, but the ressons of the crisis were real and have to do with the fundamentals of the economy, such as the deficit in both the budget and the balance of payments and the excessive external indebtedness.

In summary, the crisis took place because the government and the people alike, were living beyond their means. They consumed not only the current income but also the capital and the future

Finally, the Arab World is, or should be, interested in a strong and healthy Jordan, as a buffer zone between the oil rich Arab Gulf countries and the Israeli military machine. The IMF, the World Bank and other international institutions and foreign governments are willing to see Jordan get through its current cruis successfully. But the main burden falls on the government and people of Jordan. We should do our duty to help ourselves and to help others help us.

# Remember the father of the Third World?

By Pranay Gupte

IT WAS the heady hour of freedom when the British raj was about to end in Asia. In a grand sandstone building in New Delhi, a slim man with a patrician bearing rose to take his oath of office as modern India's first prime minister. Jawaharlal Nebru's words were carried by radio that summer night in 1947 to tens of millions of his impoverished countrymen: "A moment comes, which comes but rarely in history, when we step out from the old to the new, when an age ends, and when the soul of a nation long suppressed, finds utterance." His dreams, Nehru said, "are for India, but they are also for the world — peace has been said to be indivisible; so is freedom, so is prosperity now, and so also is hisaster in this one world that can no longer be split into isolated fragments."

Those words are even more relevant today in the nation he founded, and in the postcolonial Third World whose "father" Nehru truly was. Jawaharlal Nehru would have been 100 years old this year. Yogesh Chandra, the man in charge of the centen-

is important for today's youth to understand how Nehru helped shape the social and economic revolution that has catapulted India from the feudal age into the modern world. Other nations need to follow Nehru's lead, to understand and assimilate his credo. For Third World nations are faced as never before with the potentially destructive perils of communalism, fundamentalism and poverty.

At the core of Nehru's faith

was an unshakable belief in secularism and democracy; he also believed, perhaps naively, that Third World leaders would fashion a national consensus on the broad issues of economic development and social justice. Were Nehru alive today, he would cringe at the abuse of power in developing nations. The perils that many of these countries face, to be blunt, have largely been inflicted by their own leaders. Many of these leaders are scheduled to meet later this month in Belgrade for the triennial summit of the Non-Aligned Movement. Their endless talk and banqueting may not afford

ary celebrations, maintains that it them much time to think, but it advocated for the Third World might behoove these stewards of Nehru's legacy to reflect a bit on the man and his vision.

cent by the end of 1988.

#### A policy under assault

The four cornerstones of Nehru's policies were democracy, a planned economy that stressed socialism and industrialisation, nonalignment and secularism. Each of these political and philosophical tenets is under severe assault today. Democracy is being threatened by maniacal terrorism and by political corruption - witness what's happening in the Middle East, where barbaric extremists summarily select one man and execute him; witness events in India's Punjab State, where Sikh separatists randomly murder those who don't believe in their cause; or in Sri Lanka, which is slithering into civil war because two ethnic groups cannot tolerate each other. The socialism that Nehru espoused - under which the state would play a large, although not exclusive, role in promoting economic growth — has been discredited as an instrument for progress. The rapid industrialisation that Nehru has sometimes resulted in ecological disasters and agricultural inadequacies. The nonaligned bloc, which he helped to create, is in general disarray. And the reliious and cultural harmony that Nehru advocated is certainly conspicuous by its absence in many Third World nations.

To be sure, the story of the postcolonial Third World has not been entirely one of distress, debt and destruction. By the time Nehru died 25 years ago, the nation he loved and led had become the world's biggest democracy, its 10th most powerful industrial country and its fourth largest military machine. It became a producer of cars and computers, an exporter of brainpower and technology to the for-mer imperial states that once fought for hegemony over it. The Third World was to become a supplier of commodities without which the economies of the industrialised countries would suffer. Indeed, Nehru lived to see the Third World become a major player in the geopolitical calculations of the superpowers. Through his sponsorship of such

groupings as the Non-Aligned Movement, Nehru offered developing nations a season in the sun. He was not only a nationalist but a devoutly internationalist leader. He believed it was not enough to leave the stewardship of world affairs to the rich and powerful nations. For cold warriors like John Foster Dulles, his assertiveness suggested unwarranted hubris and, worse, a predilection for the statist socialism whose high priests were en-shrined in Moscow.

#### Change and continuity

Nehru fashioned a new ethos for the Third World's emerging nations - a credo that ancient lands could modernise themselves without forsaking their cultural traditions or being apologetic about their age-old values. A man of scientific temperament, Nehru was frequently impatient with the slow rate of change in India and other Third World countries. But be always understood that the impulses that coursed through traditional cultures could be adjusted just so much in order to expedite social, political

and economic transformation Change, yet continuity. Are Jawaharial Nehru's prescriptions for nation building still

valid? Clearly, his concept of socialism is outdated. But the economic liberalisation that Prime Minister Rajiv Gandhi -Nehra's grandson — now promotes would not have been possible without the massive investment by the state under Nehru in building India's infrastructure. Gandhi and other Third World leaders must be mindful that the very forces that challenge Nehru's ideas of secularism may descroy that fabric and foundstions of a carefully tended multiethnic, multilingual democracy. And democracy is the only possible framework in which the desparate peoples of complex and nonhomogeneous developing states can live together. Not long before his death, Nehru told his friend Prof. Ralph Buultjens: We are engaged in a desperate race - a race between achieving progress and heading off violent revolution." Ignoring Nehru's wisdom might accelerate the fragmentation of an already fragile Third World — News Week.

## Bulgaria 'indifferent' to Turkish exodus

By Hugh Pope

SOFIA - A quarter of a million ethnic Turks have fled this small Balkan country in two months, but in the neat, orderly streets of its capital, Bulgaria displays little sense of loss.

Since the exodus started, officials say 5.4 per cent of the work force has resigned. But planners calmly predict few upsets and say the harvest is even better than planned.

Many Bulgarians voice shock and surprise at the size of the exodus, but there is no sign of any change in policy on one of the biggest population movements since World War II.

"Bulgaria has nothing to reconsider," Deputy Foreign Minister Ivan Ganev told Reuters.

One demure Sofia woman who had spent years in the United States said: "We may have made mistakes. But frankly, I don't want the Muslims to come back. I see them as traitors."

Bulgaria insists the travellers were just taking advantage of a new open-door passport law and that many would return after seeing Turkey.

But Soviet, U.S. and European observers agree that Sofia's 1984-85 campaign to Bulgarise the names of the one-million minority is why the community decided to emigrate en masse. Local support for ethnic Turks

has come only from a small, struggling dissident movement in Bulgaria, where Soviet-style restructuring and openness has been slow to catch on.

Most of the brightly-dressed

Bulgarians in Sofia shrug their shoulders when asked about the ethnic Turks and say in a puzzled way: "They were richer than us But let them go."

"Unfortunately, most people have no sympathy. It's because sugar and preserves. the government wants it like said Marian Zlatev, mem-

Rights.
"What is happening now is terrible. It's in nobody's in- Last year's eight million-tonne terest," she said in an interview. grain harvest had already been back. That's the only solution." An illegal club for the support a key export. of perestroika and glasnost,

the ethnic Turks to be given back their names, diplomats say. Strashimir Demitrov, director

of Sofia's state Institute for Balkan Studies, said the minority was ethnically Turkic but was nothing to do with the Anatolian Turks of Turkey.

Like all officials, he repeated that the minority were Christians forced to convert to Islam under 500 years of Ottoman rule, a theme now backed up by a sixpart bi-weekly television ocumentary. But he added in a rare note of

Bulgarian regret: "If I had been asked about the name changes, I would have said... force never leads to good ends.'

The roots of the exodus lie deep in a history of Turkish-Bulgarian and Christian-Muslim struggles, and even a state affirmative action programme has not necessarily removed bitter-

"My friend got straight A's at school but couldn't get a place at university because of the conting-ency places for Muslims," said one Bulgarian.

The Bulgarian Communist Party workers' daily newspaper has carried stories under headlines like "there is space for all under the sky of the motherland," but diplomats do not expect many ethnic Turks to rethink their departure after reading them.

Diplomats say a change in the names policy could come only from economic collapse or the fall of Bulgarian leader Todor Zhivkov, but add that this looks unlikely so far.

Most Turks lived in the east and the exodus has still not affected life much in the western city of Sofia, although heavy purchases by those departing has led to shortages on goods like

Nikola Koichev, the senior civil. servant at the planning ministry, ber of the independent Society said bumper crops, labour brifor the Protection of Human gades and mechanisation of agriculture would overcome years of bad harvests this year.

They must have their names exceeded, he said, as would last year's 90,000-tonne tobacco crop.

The biggest disruptions had which includes some officials, has come in the tobacco and livestock also circulated a tract calling for sectors, he said.

## From political prisoner to prime minister

By Drusilla Menaker The Associated Press

WARSAW, Poland — Tadeusz Mazowiecki has opposed Poland's Communist government for most of his adult life, spending a year in jail when a martial law crackdown crushed the independent Solidarity trade union he nelped organise.

Now, he says he is on the verge of being nominated as the country's first non-Communist prime minister in 45 years by President Wojciech Jaruzelski, the man who had him jailed nine years

Tall and tacitum, the 62-yearold Mazowiecki is the least known of three Solidarity candidates to head a coalition government reportedly approved by the president. A formal announcement was expected Saturday.

Mazowiecki's activism against the government began as the Communists were consolidating power in post-war Poland, and his links to Solidarity date to the August 1980 strikes that created the first independent union in Communist East Europe.

He said Friday he would accept Jaruzelski's expected offer to be the first non-Communist head of an East Bloc government.

"There have been several historical moments that show Poles can strive for new solutions and

such a moment is now arriving psychologically - that people will feel there is such a situation."

leader Lech Walesa, he edits the union movement's weekly newspaper, Tygodnik Solidarnosc, restored to legal publication this He is also closely linked to the

to Communist ideology.

form talks last spring initiated by

all publications. Trained as a lawyer, he submit-ted the court application for res-toration of Solidarity's legal sta-

On April 17, the day the union regained legality, Mazowiecki stood on the courthouse steps, unusual ones, really innovative

with Jaruzelski. "My hope is that time.

A close adviser to Solidarity

Roman Catholic church, and in 1957 helped found the Warsaw Club of Catholic Intelligentsia, an influential forum that served as a bulwark for Catholic opposition Mazowiecki was a key negotiator during unprecedented re-

Communist authorities unable to control Poland's sinking economy and disgruntled populace. He led the team debating trade union freedoms, participated in political discussions and fought for press freedoms in a nation where the government controlled

tus, as agreed to in the reform talks.

arms uplifted with a bouquet of red talips in one hand.

ones, and that we can get somewhere," he said after meeting toration of justice," he said at the Catholic values. Officially con-

Recalling he had been on hand for the first registration in 1980, he said, "I hope I will not have to come here a third time." At other times, he appears

dour, even cold. A widower who lost his young wife to cancer and still wears his wedding ring, Mazowiecki raised three sons alone in a small apartment on Warsaw's main commercial street.

Born on April 18, 1927, in the small central Poland city of Plock, Mazowiecki was raised in an intelligentsia family.

By 21, he had been dismissed from his academic editing house job for his "clericalism" - links too close to the church in the first years of Communist Poland. He began to work with Pax,

one of the few venues for any thought independent of the Com-munist Party but in effect a govemment attempt to dilute church-based opposition by separating intellectuals from the religious hierarchy. By 1955, he was so at odds with the mix of politics with religion that he was supended.

In 1958, he founded the Catholic monthly magazine Wiez, or Link, which he edited until 1981, when he started Tygodnik Solidarnosc.

Mazowiecki became aligned with Znak, a group supporting

doned under the protection of the tion and Mazowiecki became a

parliament deputy in 1961. By 1970, Mazowiecki's agitstion for democratisation of public life and social justice had run afoul of official tolerance and he was not permitted to serve another term.

As opposition efforts were organising in the mid-1970s, especially after worker riots in 1976. Mazowiecki went to Western Europe in search of support and aid. Mention of free trade unions in a West German newspaper interview resulted in withdrawal of his passport for four years,

Mazowiecki initiated a letter by more than 60 intellectuals urging authorities to find a peaceful solution to the strikes that erupted on the Baltic coast in August 1980 and led to Solidar-

ity's founding. On Aug. 22, 1980, he arrived at the strikebound Lenin shipyard in Gdansk and after a nightlong talks with Walesa, Mazowiecki became the head of a group that helped organise the workers and negotiate with government offi-

He was jailed in the martiallaw crackdown announced by Jaruzelski on Dec. 13, 1981, and released on Dec. 23, 1982. He

then resumed as a union adviser.

### Conflicts ease in **Central America**

By Bernd Debusmann

WASHINGTON - After a decade of pouring weapons into Central America, the United States and the Soviet Union are showing signs of easing their con-

frontation there. Political analysts say it is too early to predict whether Central America, where at least 150,000 people have died in civil wars since 1979, will benefit from the improved climate in superpower

relations. Some Latin American diplomats feel the two superpowers are more prepared now to give diplomacy a chance than at any time since 1981 when former U.S. President Ronald Reagan declared Central America an arena of superpower conflict.

"There seems to be a ray of hope - and some prospect that the superpowers will actually match their words (on ending the arms buildup) with deeds," said a European diplomat familiar with the region.

The most obvious policy shift has been on Nicaragua, where the United States supported right-wing insurgents against a superior army equipped with Soviet

weapons.

The contras (Spanish for counter-revolutionary) failed to topple Nicaragna's left-wing government and their fate is uncertain afterfive Central American presidents agreed in August that they should be disbanded by December.

The U.S. Congress ended all military aid to the contras last year. The Soviet Union has also reduced its arms supplies to the Nicaraguan government since the beginning of the year, according to non-U.S. military experts.

On August 12, the official Nicaraguan newspaper Barricada quoted Soviet Foreign Minister Eduard Shevardnadze as saying Moscow had stopped arms supplies "in view of the relaxation of the tense political and military economy and reducing foreign

situation in Central America." A few days earlier in London. Shevardnadze and U.S. Assistant Secretary of State Bernard Aaronson discussed the conflict and superpower arms shipments.

U.S. sources said. Soviet President Mikhail Gorbachev first said he had stopped arms supplies to Nicaragua in a letter to President George Bush in May.

At the time, White House spokesman Marin Fitzwater described the move as a "public relations gambit." But since then, experts say there has been more understanding of the domestic political concerns that influence

both superpowers. Bush appears to be distancing himself from the contras because there is little hope of belping their cause against the wishes of Congress and Washington's Central

American allies. Gorbachev is noder heavy pressure at home to improve the aid makes it easier to implement economic reforms. 'In overall terms, a few hun-

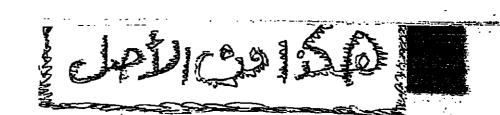
dred million dollars or so in military hardware is not a great deal for the Soviet Union," said an East European diplomat. "But every bit helps when your survival depends on perestroika."

million worth of military equip-ment to Nicaragua last year, according to Central Intelligence Agency (CIA) estimates. Neither Nicaragua nor the

The Soviet Union shipped \$515

Soviet Union has ever announced details of their military agreements but sources close to the Nicaragnan government say they run out next year.

The Soviet Union helped increase the Nicaraguan army more than tenfold as part of a superpower buildup which gave the area the world's highest military growth rates over the past de-



# Girls take over in Nigeria's schools

By O'seun Ogunseitan and Akin Ogunrinde

LAGOS - Girls are supplanting boys in Nigerian high schools. Not only have they taken away the front seats - where the most attentive pupils sit - they seem now to be taking most of the places in school, as social trends inre young men out of the classroom to pursue a faster lane to the better life.

This development is particularly acute in the two eastern states of Anambra and Imo, where authorities recently conducted a census of pupils to analyse the situation and seek a remedy.

In Imo there are 468 secondary schools with an enrolment of some 926,000 pupils. But the census revealed that more than seven of every 10 high school seats in the state was occupied by

Officials find this alarming as it is happening in an area with traditionally high enthusiasm for formal education. Thirty years ago in Eastern Nigeria, parents withdrew their children from farmwork in their thousands to send them to school as the route to higher living standards.

This enthusiasm continued after independence in 1960. The region provided a high propor-tion of Nigeria's first generation of Western-educated elite who today occupy top positions in the civil service, academia and in-

One explanation for the male exodus appears to be the high rate of unemployment among university graduates and profeslarly choking structural adjust-ment programme. A degree no longer promises automatic pre-

Nigerian fathers place greater priority on the prospects of the male child. He is usually encouraged to get trained for the most hicrative positions. Girls' educations receive less attention because it is assumed that most will marry and become mothers and

So as soon as it appeared that schools were no longer delivering the jobs, parents reacted to the evident demands of the economy by sending boys to learn trades such as carpentry or car maintenance, or to become small

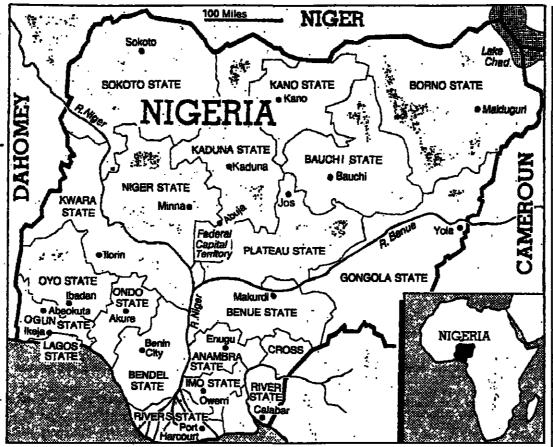
Time will tell whether this is a loss or a gain to the Nigerian economy. Buses certainly cannot run without mechanics nor taps provide water without plumbers.

Headteachers argue that pupils are also leaving school because of the high tuition fees and the escalating cost of books which low- and medium-income families cannot afford. Generally the male pupil is withdrawn before his sister because the boy is more valuable to his father on the farm.

The survey in Anambra state revealed that the trend has spreadbeyond secondary schools and into the tertiary sector.

Only 150 out of 900 graduates were males on graduation day at a leading college of education. The same was true at the stateowned Institute of Management Technology and the Polytechnic.

It is true that there are more girls than boys in the two states as a result of the Nigerian civil war but the ratio is nothing near the



four girls to every boy common in

Apart from the external economy and school fees, a further reason for parents' and boys' dwindling interest in education may be the poor funding and resultant dreary facilities in Nigeria's schools, 95 per cent of which are government-run.

In the problem states efforts are being made to improve the physical conditions of schools and redundant teacher training colleges are being turned into secondary schools to reduce congestion

In addition, the Nigerian National Council on Education proposes new guidelines for gui-dance and counselling in all become civil servants, doctors or

secondary schools. any other kind of professional. Under these, education minis-Moreover, the value of their tries in Nigeria's 21 states must learning need not diminish when start a compulsory guidance and they become mothers. It is well counselling service and train documented that families benefit more career counsellors, while more from an educated mother universities have been asked to than from a professional father. pep up teaching and research in

The nation may seem to lose formally yet it gains at the family level with unquantifiable benefits the case in many countries.

The answer may lie in encouraging girls to study all disciplines so that they too can become agronomists, engineers and physicists — PANOS features.

#### goal is that every secondary school will have at least one for society later. A national decareer counsellor to guide pupils ficiency might nevertheless result in choosing viable subjects that if girls continue to concentrate on will lead them to incrative profestraditional arts subjects and neglect the sciences, as is currently Crises, however, tend to be

# Child murders stir concerns over violent videos, comics

By Susan Moffat The Associated Press

TOKYO — Tsutomu Miyazaki's room had no daylight.

The single window of the room where police say he may have sawed off the head, feet and hands of 5-year-old Ayako Nomoto was blocked with thousands of horror, porn and children's cartoon videotapes and comic books that piled up to the ceiling and lined the walls.

When police announced Aug. 15 that the 26-year-old print shop worker had confessed to the murder and mutilation of three little girls, Japan's shock deepened at what television news is calling the most brutal murder case in postwar history.

In addition to the mutilation slaying of Ayako Nomoto in June, police said Miyazaki confessed to:

- Strangling 4-year-old Mari Konno last August, burning her body and leaving the bones on

her parents' doorstep; Strangling 4-year-old Erika Namba last December, stripping her body and dumping it down a

Mari Konno's mother told television reporters she was relieved when Mivazaki was arrested on

Aug. 11.
But blanket television and newspaper coverage, including shots of the suspect's room, has brought fear into the homes of Japanese usually untroubled by the violent crime that plagues other societies.

The child slayings are the latest in a series of murders of apparently passionless brutality by Japanese youth.

Pundits have been filling the airwaves with analyses of the impact of violent sex imagery that is perhaps more pervasive in popular culture here than in any other advanced country.

Most Japanese don't blink at the graphic scenes of rape and murder they see on subway trains and spread out in sports newspapers and comic books read by

commuting husbands, fathers and teen-agers. They ignore the ads plastering telephone booths for "Lolita" prostitution services, featuring photos of girls in school uniforms. They merely giggle at men's fetishes with schoolgarls' under-

wear depicted in television and

print media. Social critics say such images may be having an inordinately strong effect on some Japanese youth, especially those lacking close relationships and moral judgment.

Psychologists and social critics have blamed alienation — caused by absent or working parents, college-entrance test pressures, the reduction of human contact in large impersonal apartment complexes, and dependence on electronic toys — for creating a gencration of youth lacking social skills, emotional resilience and the ability to tell fantasy from

Susumu Oda, professor of mental health at Tsukuba University, also said many young men have not been able to adjuct to the increasing asssertiveness of Japanese women and thus turn their lust and aggressiveness toward increasingly weak objects, like children and animals.

Still, the extraordinary attention given Ayako's case, which has dominated the front pages of national newspapers for days, shows just how rare it is for the kind of sexual violence commonly depicted in public to turn into such a grisly crime.

Police told local newspapers that the videos Miyazaki collected ranged from animated films made for little girls to child

porn flicks and violent movies like "Flowers of Blood and Flesh," in which a man kidnaps a girl, keeps her prisoner and even-

tually saws her to pieces. Police say Miyazaki confessed he kidnapped Avako in early June near her suburban apartment, killed her, cut her to pieces with a saw, knife and scissors, shaved off her hair, and several

cemetery. Members of Miyazaki's video club told local newspapers he was an obsessive collector of cartoon tapes. A shy youth, he avoided contact with other people, re-

days later dumped her torso in a

ports said. "He was always so quiet that we wanted him to hurry up and get married so we could stop worrying about him," the Mainichi Shimbun quoted his pa-

rents as saying. Some experts blamed the violent videos for the crimes.

"If such videos were not so widely available, crimes like this might not have happened," Oda says. "For people with this kind of disposition videos can help put plans in their heads."

Yoshiaki Kataoka was also reportedly obsessed with a video hobby. The 21-year-old student was arrested Aug. 14 on suspicion of videotaping and sexually abusing more than 30 little girls.

Kozo Hida, a 22-year-old mechanic who reportedly spent most of his free time playing video games with neighbourhood children, was arrested earlier this year on suspicion of strangling one of them.

Youth violence in groups is also raising concerns.

A gang of teen-age boys re-cently kidnapped a 17-year-old girl, then raped and tortured her for 40 days before killing her and sealing her body in an oil drum with concrete.

# 'Earth safe from collision with asteroid'

By Lee Siegel The Associated Press

LOS ANGELES - For the third time this year, scientists discovered an asteroid will fly relatively close to Earth, and while there is no threat of collision, experts say such a disaster is likely sometime in the future.

While the new asteroid poses no immediate danger: in astronomical terms it will be making a very close pass" when it comes within four million kilometres of Earth about 0300 GMT next Friday, said planetary scientist Eleanor Helin, who discovered the 1.5 kilometre-wide hunk of

At about 10 times the distance between the Earth and the moon, ne astetoia a will be one of the very closest larger objects to pass the Earth this century," said Helin, a planetary scientist at the National Aeronautics and Space Adminis-tration's (NASA) Jet Propulsion

Laboratory in Pasadena. "It's not going to hit us. Certainly there's no danger," astronomer Brian Marsden said in Massachusetts, where he directs the International Astronomical Union's Central Bureau for Astronomical Telegrams, an

astronomy reporting agency. "One doesn't want to worry people, but anything that's crossing the orbit of the Earth stands a chance of hitting the Earth, but it's much more likely to be later than sooner. I'm talking millions ominous because "if we are findof years," Marsden said

In March, asteroid 1989 FCno more than a half a kilometre in diameter - passed within 800,000 kilometres of Earth, but wasn't discovered by astronomers until April. In June, a 3.2kilometre-wide asteroid passed about 13 million kilometres from

FC had hit Earth, it would have done so with the power of about 40 billion tons of TNT, or about 40,000 hydrogen bombs, enough to wipe out entire cities. Asteroid 1989 PB is about twice as large. Helin said the discovery of

Scientists have said that if 1989

ing two or three a year this close to the earth ... there is strong evidence of a sizable population of these objects that can be devastating. It's the one we don't see that's going to kill us." She discovered asteroid 1989

PB on Aug. 9 in a film taken on the 46-centimetre Schmidt telescope at Palomar Observatory northeast of San Diego. Astronomers were quickly notified, but it wasn't until Thursday that word of the discovery was made public by the South Pasadena-based World Space Foundation, which helps finance searches for nearearth asteroids.

"We feel comfortable with the asteroids passing near Earth is very low probability of any se-

rious impact during our lifetime, but there always remains that slight possibility," said Robert Staehle, foundation president. Staehle said that in 30 to 50

guidance and counselling. The

double edged. For the girls who

replace boys, this is a rare oppor-

tunity to get a longed-for educa-

years, humans may be able to land spacecraft on any asteroid heading toward Earth and "either put some sort of explosives on it or perhaps deflect it using a solar sail or some other propulsion

Craters around the globe provide little doubt that asteroids smacked into earth in prehistoric times. Scientists have blamed a comet exploding in Earth's atmosphere for a 1908 blast in Siberia that was heard thousands of miles away.

In recent years, many scientists have become convinced that asteroids striking Earth caused some mass extinctions, including the demise of the dinosaurs 66 million years ago. Other scientists, however, blame extinctions on gradual climate change or massive volcanic eruptions.

Marsden said amateur astronomers may be able to see asteroid 1989 PB through telescopes by looking in the constellation Cassiopeia at the time of its closest approach to Earth.

The asteroid moves around the sun in an elliptical orbit that ranges from inside of Venus orbit to a bit outside Mars' orbit. he said.

## New prize targets world food system

WASHINGTON — Growing world populations make improving the food system increasingly vital, according to the administra-

Edward Williams of Winrock International, an agricultural development institute, said the General Foods Fund, Inc., modelled the World Food Prize after the annual Nobel Prizes to encourage outstanding work in agriculture, nutrition, and all other areas related to food.

He said the idea came from

Borlang wanted a prize for alleviating hunger and improving nutrition to be part of the Nobel system, but that was impossible because the prize categories are stipulated in the will of Alfred Nobel, the inventor of dynamite, who founded the prizes with the

The General Foods Fund decided to fund a separate prize and asked Winrock International, headquartered at Petit Jean

1990 laureate. Williams said any institution could submit a nomination. The winner receives 200,000 dollars and a commemorative sculpture. Williams said Winrock receives

about 150 to 170 nominations each year. For 1989 there were nominations from 53 countries and six continents.

The nominations were "across the spectrum," Williams said. The 29 disciplines represented included marine science, food policy, nutrition, and forestry.

Indians - M.S. Swaminathan, the architect of the green revolu-tion in India, in 1987, and Verghese Kurien who won for increasing production and distribution of milk in what has been called the "white revolution," in 1989.

The 1988 winner was Robert Chandler, an American who founded the International Rice Research Institute in the Philip-

Nominations for 1990 prize are

# 'Depression more disabling than many chronic diseases'

By Brenda C. Coleman The Associated Press

CHICAGO — Depression, which afflicts nearly 10 million Americans, is more commonly disabling than arthritis, ulcers, diabetes or high blood pressure - ailments that are often taken more seriously, a study says.

We've greatly underestimated up until now how disabling depression is related to other chronic medical conditions." said John Ware Jr., principal investigator in a study that questioned

Depression proved at least as bad as emphysema or back prob-lems at limiting people in their physical functioning or causing them to stay in bed, said the study, published in Aug. 18 journal of the American Medical

The only two worse chronic conditions were heart pain and advanced coronary artery disease, in terms of limiting activities such as walking, dressing, bathing, climbing stairs or participating in sports, the study found. Dr. Gerald Klerman, a de-

pression researcher and psychiatry professor at Cornell University Medical College in New York, said he considers the study imporcosts of depression.

"It looks pretty serious," he said in a telephone interview Thursday, adding that only about 20 per cent of depressives are getting treated.
"The majority suffer in silence

or are misdiagnosed — as having tension, anxiety, personality disorder of weak character," he The study, coordinated by the

Rand Corp. in Santa Monica, California, looked at adult paients in a variety of settings health maintenance organisations, group medical practices and solo practices — in Los Angeles, Chicago and Boston.

Researchers found that about balf of the 11,242 subjects studied suffered from either depressive symptoms and-or one of eight chronic medical conditions high blood pressure, diabetes, advanced coronary heart disease, heart pain, arthritis, back problems, lung problems or digestive problems, Ware said.

Almost one-quarter of the subjects — 2,467 people — reported depressive symptoms, which they typically explained to their doctors as feeling "down in the dumps" or chronically tired,

Such patients experienced as much or more bodily pain and staved in bed as many or more days as patients with back, lung or digestive problems, heart pain, high blood pressure or diabetes. the researchers found.

Only arthritis proved more painful and only advanced heart disease caused more bed days, they said.

In addition, patients with depressive symptoms reported significantly less ability to function socially than those with any of the chronic medical conditions, the researchers said.

Such patients "have a tremendous unmet need and burden that costs a lot from society's point of view, because they're not able to function," said Ware, a research psychologist and senior scientist at New England Medical Centre Hospitals in Boston.

Dr. John Zaiecka, clinical director of psychiatric treatment research at Rush-Presbyterian-St. Luke's-Medical Centre in Chicago, said patients with depressive symptoms - even if they don't meet the classic definition of depressive disorder — "are very treatable" and often respond well to antidepressant medications.

# contributions to the "green revolution," which multiplied crop outstanding contributions to the

tor of a new prize to honour achievements in the field.

Norman Borlang, who won the 1970 Nobel Peace Prize for his

yields through creation of hybrid seeds and use of fertilisers.

proceeds from his business.

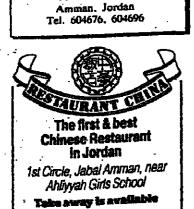
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improvements of the world food The search is now on for the

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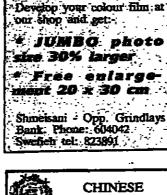
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# High hopes of major Gulf Arab boom fail to materialise

KUWAIT (R) — Gulf economies are reaping some fruits of peace one year after the Iran-Iraq ceasefire but the boom predicted by many has failed to materialise.

**ECONOMIC NEWS BRIEFS** 

BRUSSELS (AP) — The Association of European Airlines

(AEA) Friday criticised as inflationary, discriminatory and

administratively burdensome EC plans to levy value added taxes

(VAT) on flights within the European Community (EC) after

1992. "The key problem for European airlines would be that

flights between EC member states will lose their international

tax-free status" after Dec. 31, 1992, when the EC is to drop its

internal borders, the AEA said in a statement. That will make

"EC destinations less competitive and more expensive, by as

much as 15 per cent,... relative to non-EC locations," the AEA

said. Also, the VAT system will add to the bureaucratic workload

of European carriers, said the AEA which comprises 21 airlines,

including those of non-EC nations in Europe. It said other factors

that will distort competition, even among EC airlines," is the

proposed varying rates of VAT, (the) question of how VAT will

be charged on tickets sold outside of the EC and how non-EC

airlines flying intra-EC routes will comply with the new VAT

ANKARA (R) - Turkey has agreed to renew oil purchases from

Iran, ending an eight-month disruption in bilateral trade, Tur-

key's state refiner Tupras said. Tupras General Manager Mehmet

Savran told Reuters the five-million tonne, one-year deal with a

\$550-\$600 million countertrade element would go into effect Sept.

1. A \$1 per barrel countertrade premium paid by Turkey would

be reduced to 60-75 cents and market prices would now be pegged

to Brent, not Dubai and Oman crudes as before. Turkey took some crude oil from Iran in 1989, held over from last year's deal,

but the 526,400 tonnes taken in January-April 1989 were down from 1.66 million tonnes in the 1988 period. As four rounds of

talks were held to solve the 1989 oil contract pricing dispute, bilateral trade fell to \$319 million in January-April 1989 from \$369

LONDON (AP) - Shares in Wellcome PLC rocketed on

London's stock exchange Friday in response to a study that found

the pharmaceutical company's Retrovir anti-AIDS drug effective

164 pence (\$2.56) to close at 643 pence (\$10.03). Analysts said the report opened a whole new market for the drug. The prospect of

that added demand, might prompt investors to boost the share price to around 700 pence (\$10.92) to 800 pence (\$12.56) by the end of the year, analysts said. Minus the benefits of Retrovir, Wellcome shares would be worth around 400 pence (\$6.24), said

Nigel Barnes, an analyst at the London investment firm Hoare

Would like to announce the postponement of the Old Baccalau-

rean Club reunion which was going to be held on Sunday 20th.

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**SCHOOL** 

st symptomless carriers of the disease. Wellcome shares rose

Wellcome shares rocket in London

million the year before.

or company office.

Turkey to resume buying Iranian oil

**AEA opposes VAT on EC flights** 

It was widely believed at the region's economies are finally time that the ceasefire last Aug. 20 would unleash a blitz of reconstruction, lifting the Gulf out of a five-year recession caused by a plunge in oil prices.

But inertia and lack of foreign exchange have slowed the engines of both Iraq and Iran, leaving many Gulf merchants and bankers high and dry.

"When the ceasefire was announced, people overreacted. They assumed everything would happen overnight. Warehouses are still overstocked," said a Western shipping source in Kowait.

Despite the slow start, bankers and shipping operators say the

getting a mild boost. Bankers said renewed confidence had sparked a small inflow of new investment and a return of capital. There are also signs that reconstruction material is now beginning to pass through local

Kuwait, the port thought best placed to take advantage of the reconstruction of Iraq's shattered southern cities, saw significant amounts of Iraq-bound bulk cargo beginning in April, shipping operators said.

The recent cargo has mainlybeen wheat plus pipes for the Basra oil refinery. But the shipping sources predict a steady in-

crease in cement, pipes, steel, and grain followed by consumer

"The Iraqis have a huge pentup demand for consumer goods after eight years of wartime eco-nomy," one shipper said. The result will be a mini-boom

in transhipment until Iraq can get its own ports up and running, the shipping operators said.

Although Iraq mainly uses Aqaba in Jordan and Mersin in Turkey for imports, it has depended on Kuwait for supplies for major construction sites at Basra and Fao in the south and for imports from the Far East.

Bankers say the volume of reexports from Kuwait will depend on Baghdad's ability to sell oil to raise foreign exchange. In view of Iraq's war-time debt of around \$80 to \$90 million, few banks are willing to extend new

Because of Iraqi delays in repaying its debts, banks have been charging an extraordinary 20 per cent to confirm a letter of credit for imports.

Bankers say Iraqi officials have been promising to have their commercial bank debt — far less than half the total - paid off by 1993, with only letters of credit and government loans left.

Dubai, the port thought most suited to take advantage of Iranian reconstruction, has been less fortunate than Kuwait, with a sharp decline in trade during the last year of the war.

Iranian reexport trade through Dubai dropped by half last year to 691.7 million dirhams from 1.31 billion in 1987, official figures show. Local merchants say trade is still well below average.

The dramatic fall in trade was caused by Iran's lack of foreign exchange and domestic political



Containers, destined for Iraq, jam an Aqaha dock (File photo).

upheavals that delayed formation of a coherent economic policy.

Most hoteliers in Dubai, a maior service centre for the area. report accommodation rates at over 90 per cent. Ship repair yards have made up for lost warrelated business as ships venture back into the Gulf.

# Jordanian banks sell CBJ surplus dollars

dinar firmed again against the dollar on the free market Saturday after the central bank said it would supply banks with cheap dollars.

The central bank set the dinar's official price at 597.3/603.3 fils to the dollar, slightly up from 594.0/602.0 Thursday, but dealers said banks were trading the local unit at 710/735 files to the dollar, down from Thursday's 720/760.

The central bank informed banks Friday that it would sell them dollars at 739 fils, to be resold at no more than 735.

This was the third time the central bank has intervened to sell dollars since the beginning of August, when the dinar traded at 940 fils to the dollar on the free

Bankers attribute the dinar's recovery over the past two weeks to the arrival of substantial Arab aid. Officials say this has helped to boost hard currency reserves to \$400 million from only \$20 million

The bankers said the central bank had also begun buying doilars from local banks, which have accumulated surpluses over the past week as Jordanians began dumping dollars for dinars, for the first time in more than nine

a few months ago.

"The central bank has bought more than \$50 million that have piled up at commercial banks since last week," one banker said. "This is a very healthy sign be-

cause the central bank is now both a buyer and seller of dollars."

Central bank officials say the present two-tier exchange rate introduced July 31 is a temporary measure to steady the dinar, curb the black market and encourage Jordanians working abroad to send their dollars home through the banking system.

The official rate applies only to basic food imports, some medicines and the fees of Jordanian students overseas.

Dealers said one sign of renewed confidence in the dinar was that businessmen had now begun to ask banks to settle letters of credit or to open new ones.

"There is high demand for dolhers for commercial deals," one

## JPMC intensifies efforts to expand fertiliser angle

AMMAN (Petra) - The Jordan rial Development Bank and the Azar added. Phosphate Mines Company (JPMC) announced Saturday that it will go ahead with plans to provide the local market with sufficient amounts of fertilisers and said talks are under way with concerned parties to carry out future programmes in this respect.

The announcement was made by JPMC Managing Director Wasef Azar who said that the company is currently holding negotiations with the Agricultural Credit Corporation, the IndustFarmers Association to take over ownership of a fertiliser mixing plant in the central Jordan Valley

manufacture various fertiliser tive Organisation and local pricompounds to be sold to local farmers at subsidised prices, Azar explained. All imported types of phos-

phate-based fertilisers can be substituted with locally-processed types which are amply provided through the company's three plants at Mafraq and Aqaba,

The plans are part of an all out programme designed to enable the company to supply all types of fertilisers to the local market in cooperation with the Ministry of The plant can be made to Agriculture, the Jordan Coopera-

> vate companies. Azar said. The company's managing director said that he has already submitted a working paper to the Higher Agricultural Council in Jordan outlining the company's plans to produce and distribute chemical fertilisers in the Kingdom.

### French takeover bid moves ahead

PARIS (AP) — Stock exchange authorities Friday approved terms of France's biggest-ever takeover attempt, in which Compagnie Financiere De Suez is making a hostile bid for Compagnie Industrielle, valued at 15.9 billion francs (about \$2.5 billion).

The Societe Des Bourses Francaises, a brokers' self-regulatory body, said in a statement that it had approved the Suez plans, which also involves an offer for

share of Groupe Victoire, France's second-biggest insurer, in which Suez and Compagnie Industrielle share control.

One more regulatory hurdle remains: Approval of the bid by the Commission Des Operations En Bourse, a government agency, which is expected early next -

Suez is offering 13,000 francs (about \$2,000) per share for the 81.53 per cent of Compagnie In-

dustrielle stock it does not already own. That would value the target company's equity at 19.5 billion francs (about \$3 billion ) and the Suez offer would total 15.9 billion francs (about \$2.5 billion).

Friday's announcement said Suez had increased its bid for Victoire voting shares to 2,000 francs (\$304) from 1,800 francs (\$272) and to 1,000 francs (\$152) for nonvoting shares, up from 900 francs (\$136).

Suez already owns 30 per cent of Group Victoire's stock and would hold 70 per cent if its bid for Compagnie Industrielle is suc-

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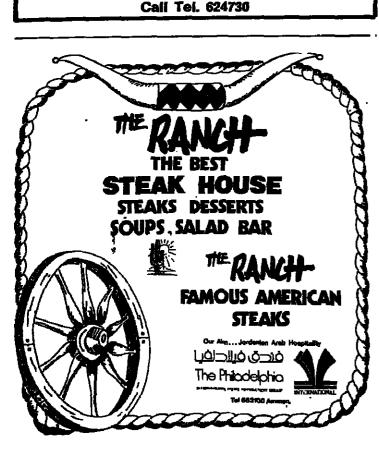
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#### Weekly Amman Financial Market trading AMMAN (J.T.) — The following table summarises trading activities at the Amman Financial Market starting Sunday Aug. 13, '89 and ending Wednesday Aug. 16, '89. (Figures in Jordanian disass). Banking and financial institutions 1.000 1.000 1.000 5.000 5.000 10.000 1.000 1.000 1.000 1.000 1.000 1.000 Jordan Islamic Bank Jordan Kuwait Bank Housing Bank Arab Jordan Investment Bank 14.990 185.010 2.476 Cairo Amman Bank ..... 14.916 Bank of Jordan ..... 184.090 2.520 Arab Bank Jordan National Bank Jordan Finance House for Development Jordan Investment and Finance Corporation ....... Finance and Credit Corporation 1.950 National Financial Investments 1.480 2.210 Jordan Securities Corporation ..... 2.000 Insurance and reinsurance Middle East insurance ..... 6639 19333 2.920 2.920 1.000 lordan French Insurance ...... 1.000 REFCO Life Insurance 1.000 1.000 1.000 1.000 1.000 2.800 2.880 Yarmonk Insurance and Reinsurance Holy Land Insurance delphia Insurance ..... 1.000 1.000 1.000 1.000 1.000 1.000 Arab Union International Insurance ..... Jerusalem Insurance ..... Jordan-Gulf Insurance ..... General Arabia Insurance ........ 1.450 National Ahliya Insurance Arab Belgian Insurance and Reinsurance ..... Services and industries General Investments ... 1,000 Inma for Investment and Financial Facilities ....... 0.740 0.650 0.330 0.740 0.630 0.320 Darco for Housing and Investment Jordan Gulf Real Estate Investment ..... Jordan Leasing Corporation ..... Petra Enterprises and Leasing Equipments ........... Equipment Leasing & Maintenance/Ta'jeerco ...... 0.8500.840 International Contracting & Investment 1.430 1.470 12084 Jordanian Electric Power .....

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### Al Hilal forces 3-way play-off in GCC Cup

MANAMA (AP) — Saudi Arabia's Hilal forced a 1-1 draw Friday when they netted in the last minute against Bahraini hosts Muharraq in the Coca Cola Gulf Cooperation Council club soccer championship under way at the national stadium at Isa Town.

The draw forced a three-way tie with Kuwait's Al-Arabi, Fanja of Oman and Bahrain's Muharraq, each accumulating five points. The tournament stipulates a play-off to decide the winners. A draw was held after the Muharraq-Hilal match and Fanja got a bye to the final where they will meet the winners of Muharraq and Al-Arabi match which

finals Tuesday. Muharraq raced to a 1-0 lead early in the first half when right winger Mohammad Saleh slotted home a deflection from a Hilal

will be played Sunday before the

After the goal they fell back and Hilal advanced top but could not translate their superior game into goals. Muharraq too missed at least four gilt-edged chances with striker Ibrahim Issa being the main culprit.

Hilal wasted a penalty in the 85th minute. Hussain Al Bisheri bailooned over the spot kick awarded by the Qatari referee Ibrahim Walid when substitute Sami Al-Jaber was brought down inside the penalty area.

However, right winger Khalid Al-Nafesi headed home a cross from Abdul Rahman Al-Thikefi, forcing the 1-1 draw with little time for Muharraq to score the winner and lift the trophy for the first time in the tournament seven-year history.

Qatar, the sixth member of the GCC, has been absent from the tournament for four years.

## **Baseball Roundup**

Houston 6, Chicago 5 NEW YORK (AP) — The Houston Astros won for just the sixth time in 16 games and stayed three games behind San Francisco in the National League West.

Rafael Ramirez walked with the bases loaded and two outs in the ninth inning, capping a tworun raily that was helped by an intentional walk as Houston beat the Chicago Cubs 6-5 Friday

Glenn Davis, hit a solo home run in the eighth inning and doubled home the tying run in the

The Cub's three-game winning

streak ended and they lost for just the fourth time in 15 games. Their lead in the National League East was cut to 3 and 1-2 games over New York. Andre Dawson got his 2,000th career hit and Rookie Jerome Walton tied a

games played Friday night, it was Torouto Bine, Jays 9, Baktimore Orioles 2: Milwankee Brewers 5, Royals 3, Seattle Mariners 1: Chicago Rangers 6, White Sex 5:

#### GOREN BRIDGE

BY CHARLES GOREN AND OMAR SHARIF

AN EVEN MONEY BET

North-South vulnerable. North cided he would take his chances on

NORTH **♦ 3842** ♥ 1093 WEST EAST ♠ K 10 6 3 **≜** A Q 9 5 ♥ 8 6 5 ♦ Q 6 ♣ AJ3 SOUTH

. KO The bidding: West Pass 1 & Pass DЫ Pass Pass Pass

Opening lead: Three of 4 Sometimes there is little to choose between two lines of play. That is when you should study the bidding to see if there are any chies

Note that South did not feel compelled to bid more than two diamonds at his second turn. Unless North could raise voluntarily to three diamonds, game in the minor was unlikely. Once North took a

preference back to hearts, South de-

team record by hitting in his 28th

straight game. In other American League Boston Red Sox 2: Oakland sota Twins 4, Athletics 3: Angels 6: Indians 5.

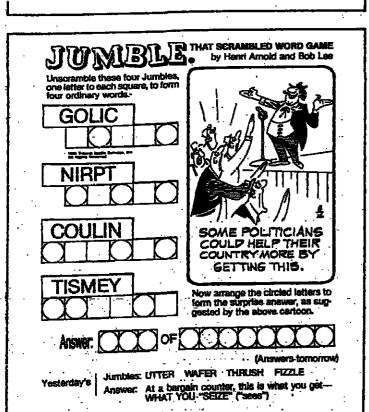
East won the first trick with the ace of spades and shifted to the ten of clubs-a spade continuation, forcing declarer, would have been better. West topped South's king of clubs with the ace and continued the suit to declarer's queen. A low diamond to the nine lost to the queen, and declarer ruffed the spade re-

turn. South was at the crossroads He took a reasonable shot. He drew two rounds of trumps, cashed the ace of diamonds and then led the jack. When West produced a low diamond, declarer could no longer make the contract as the cards lav. If he ruffed, West would have a diamond trick; if he discarded, East would ruff for the setting trick.

The clue to the winning approach lay in West's double, Diamonds were likely to be 4-2, so the best chance was to hope that West also held the jack of trumps. After ruffing the spade, declarer should have cashed the ace of diamonds and ruffed a diamond with the nine of trumps. When East cannot over-trump, declarer returns to hand with a high trump and ruffs another diamond with the ten. A spade ruff puts him back in hand to draw the outstanding trumps, and his long diamond is the game-going trick.



"We're celebrating a special anniversary! Exactly 10 years ago today, he picked up his socks without being told to!"



#### **SPORTS IN BRIEF**

GILLINGHAM EQUALS WORLD 200-MARK: Britain's Nick Gillingham set a European record and equalled the world mark in the 200-metre breaststroke Friday at the European Swimming Championships. Gillingham covered the 200 metres in 2 minutes, 12.90 seconds, to repeat American Mike Barrowman's feat at the U.S. championships in Los Angeles just three weeks ago. "The crowd did it for me. After the first 100 metres, I felt they were shouting to my rhythm," Gillingham said after his winning performance that was applauded by a sizeable crowd of Britons. "It was just unbelievable. I had planned to win here in Bonn, but never expected such a time." (AP)

S. AFRICA POLICE HALT PROTEST AGAINST RUGBY TOUR: Police halted the first public protest in South Africa against a disputed rugby union tour hours before the start of the opening match in Durban Saturday. About 20 demonstrators, carrying placards saying "don't play ball with apartheid" and other slogans, gathered outside the beachfront hotel where players from five countries are staying. "We are here to express our abhorrence of all tours of this country which break the moratorium against South Africa," a spokesman for the multira-cial group of protesters said. All outdoor protests are banned in South Africa. Police arrested about half the demonstrators and confiscated film from press photographers. (R)

YANKEES' MANAGER FIRED: New York Yankees owner George Steinbrenner fired manager Dallas Green Friday, changing managers for the 17th time since buying the baseball team in 1973. Green took over the team at the start of the season and was given a two-year contract. But with the Yankees in sixth place in the American League East, Steinbrenner ordered a change. He hired Bucky Dent, the hero of the Yankees' 1978 miracle comeback and playoff victory over the Boston Red Sox. Dent, who had been managing the Yankees' class AAA Columbus team, becomes the 10th different manager under Steinbrenner. "We welcome Bucky, who has worked hard for this chance," Steinbreamer said. He added: "I still consider Dallas to be a close friend." Steinbrenner also said there would be changes in the coaching staff. (AP)

### **Barrios smashes 10 km record**

BERLIN (AP) - In his dreams, Arturo Barrios had run this race many times. On a perfect night in West Berlin, it turned into beautiful reality.

to the Olympics. Then you dream about winning a medal. And then you dream about breaking the world record."

The second dream didn't quite materialise, but the third certainly came true.

Friday night in West Berlin. Barrios smashed the men's 10,000-metre world record with a blistering time of 27 minutes, 8.23 seconds. He became the first Mexican apart from their famed walk specialists to hold a world track and field record.

The 25-year-old mechanical engineering graduate from the Texas A and M University eclipsed the old mark of 27:13.81 set by Fernando Mamede of

"First you dream about going Portugal on July 2, 1984, in Stockholm, Sweden.

Perfectly paced by Americans Doug Padilla and Steve Plasencia, Barrios was on world record pace early in the race. Cheered on by about 35,000 fans at the Olympic stadium, the Mexican powered on by himself after Plasencia dropped out at 5,000.

Padilla had gone out at 3,000. Overlapping one athlete after the other, Barrios crossed the line to a standing ovation, raising his arms in triumph. "It was a perfect night, perfect

conditions," said the 1987 Pan American games 5,000 metre champion. "It was beautiful what the two

Americans did, they pushed so

should be done.

"In the 10,000 you have to concentrate all the time and they

really helped me," Barrios said. "I've had a very consistent season and I came here to attack the world record, so it wasn't such a big surprise for me. But so many things have to be right and tonight they were."

He also thanked his Polishborn coach, Tadeusz Kappka, and then called his mother and wife in Mexico.

Barrios' stellar performance and track and field meets in the overshadowed a number of other outstanding performances.

Two-time Olympic champion Roger Kingdom of the United States, two days after setting a world record of 12.92 seconds in this year, clocking 47.86. Phillip had a time of 47.94. second fastest this year after his home at 10.08.

hard, they did it just the way it world record and Kingdom fourth best personal perform

Carl Lewis extended his with ning streak in the long jump : 62, but only after struggling ! beat fellow American Larr

Myricks. Myricks led through the fire four jumps but Lewis' fifth jump of 8.38 metres edged Myricks

"I'm rather disappointed with my performance but I succeede. in winning at one of the bigges

world," Lewis said. On a good night for Amer icans, Kevin Young beat Olympic champions Andre Phillips in the fastest 400-metre hurdles race

another impressive victory with a time of 13.02. This was the over 100 metres this year, cruisec Lerov Burrell, the fastest mar

# nited beats Arsenal 4-1

LONDON (R) — Manchester United repaid the faith of their brand new owner with a 4-1 home win over titleholders Arsenal in

an exciting start to the English League championship Saturday. United, subject of a record 20-million-pounds sterling (\$31-

million) takeover on the eve of

the new season, went one goal up in less than two minutes as they set out in pursuit of the title which has evaded them for 23

vears. Liverpool, pipped at the post for last year's title, and Tot-tenham also earned useful wins

but another former cham-

pionship-winning side, Everton, were beaten 2-0 at Coventry. the team, much to the satisfaction of manager Alex Ferguson who Manchester United's victory at Old Trafford included a debut goal from England midfielder Neil Webb, a close-season signing

from Nottingham Forest. Webb and fellow-newcomer Mike Phelan slotted easily into

Even Fatima Whitbread, then

world record holder in the jave-

lin, was paid \$15,000 a meeting.

Ovett, son of a Brighton stallhol-

der, could not understand that his

capabilities as a drawing card

were ten times less than a javelin

thrower. "It's like paying the girl

who holds up the round cards as

much as the fighters." (The

Ovett's wish granted for

inquiry

LONDON (R) — Britain's Amateur Athletic Association

(AAA) Friday ordered an inde-

pendent inquiry into allegations by Steve Ovett that he was

offered money to run against

Sebastian Coe in the AAA cham-

On Friday they said that a

Ovett had expressed fears that an inquiry by AAA executives would be a "whitewash."

Tony Ward, the British

Amateur Athletic Board spokes-

man, said that both Ovett and

Norman had asked for an inde-

committee drawn from outside

British athletics circles would be

pionships last weekend.

set up to look into it.

Guardian)

had feared his job could be 10 jeopardy under the new ownership unless United improved on last season's disappointing results. With husinessman Michael

Knighton, the club's new owner watching, Steve Bruce wasted no time in putting United in the lead with a header before the reigning champions had even settled into the game.

In an action-filled first half. Arsenal goalkeeper John Lukic saved an 18th-minute penalty by Brian McClair after a foul or Bruce by the London side's cantain Tony Adams.

Seconds later Adams was susstituted in defence by Gua-Caesar, who was barely on the pitch before England midfielder David Rocastle had equalism with a header from a Brian Marwood corner.

Referee David Hutchinson ha. to be replaced himself in the ury half because of a pulled lea muscle.

Welsh International striker Mark Hughes put United, who last won the English title in the 1966-67 season, ahead again in the second half before Webb and McClair added two more goals in the space of four minutes.

Webb chested the ball down and volleyed the ball into the net from 25 metres. McClair added the fourth with a left-footed drive past Lukic.

But one would-be spectator missed the action. England manager Bobby Robson, who had. hoped to watch several of his team members including captain Bryan Robson, was stranded at London's Heathrew airport because of an industrial dispute.

Liverpool, denied last season's ter City.

penalty awarded after just seven minutes for handling by City captain Brian Gayle to put the F.A. Cup winners ahead at Anfield.

# Ovett outburst raises wide questions

John Rodda

Last Tuesday Steve Ovett stood outside his 75-bedroomed stately pile in Dumfries, built by the Marquess of Queensberry, and told the media why he was so upset about the £4,000 he had been offered to race at Birmingham on Sunday. What, many a poorer athlete might ask, is so upsetting about four grand? The fact, says Ovett, that his double Olympic rival, Sebastian Coe, was not offered anything. Ovett, says Coe generously, is "a caring person.

In fact Ovett has cared for some time about where all the money modern athletics makes ends up, and how the athletes are being treated. It was, after all, the Coe-Ovett saga, with their double clash in the Moscow Olympic Games where each won a gold medal and a spate of stunning world records, which made athletics a hot commercial

property. Before the Eighties, running for money was never a comfortable business. Athletes had to queue in hotel corridors outside rooms in which inflated expenses would be argued over. Sometimes a double air ticket would be

Ovett: tired of the way athletes are treated

**GENERAL TENDENCIES:** There may be more ideas on what to do than time in which to do it.

Moon in Cancer centers around home life. Uramus is up to his tricks again with unusual, whimsical

ARIES (Mar. 21 to Apr. 19) When you are energetic and dynamic, you thrive on action and feel constitution. Avaid a noner struggle

petitive. Avoid a power struggle with those about whom you care.

TAURUS (Apr. 20 to May 20)
You may be feeling more stable
than those around you. Shop for the
home and family. Plan the future

GEMINI (May 21 to June 21) A

dramatic event may include a wish fulfilled. Early morning emotional events will taper off. Do not press

MOON CHILDREN (June 22 to

Jul. 21) Moon in your sign stresses independence, willingness to for-give, removal of your emotional shell, and added energy. LEO (Jul. 22 to Aug. 21) Taking

others for granted can produce con-flicts when opposing ideas are not

settled. Long-range plans need to be confirmed.

VIRGO (Aug. 22 to Sept. 22) It is a smooth day, as personal charisma

FORECAST FOR SUNDAY, AUGUST 27, 1989

by Thomas Pierson, Astrologer, Carroll Righter Institute

prevails. Plan a "get together" now that you feel at ease and are good

LIBRA (Sept. 23 to Oct. 22) The

emphais is on sensual desire and romance. Let your magnetic appeal

stand on its own. Mental decisions can be faulty. SCORPIO (Oct. 23 to Nov. 21) Do not let fears over finances dampen your day. Forge ahead, forget the

past, and use new strategies to brighten your spirit. SAGITTARIUS (Nov. 22 to Dec. 21) The romantic roller coaster should level off, but ask yourself if

you are ready for a commitment.
Social self-confidence prevails.
CAPRICORN (Dec. 22 to Jan. 20)
Trust your instincts about new people who have entered your life. You

are feeling good about yourself as

the real you resurfaces.
AQUARIUS (Jan. 21 to Feb. 19)

Show your appreciation to someone

who has been a good friend. Don't

talk about your private life to strangers. Romance comes easily!

PISCES (Feb. 20 to Mar. 20) What has seemed clusive is now

within your reach. Goals are com-

ing into focus. Plan to keep moving

shead and don't give up.

claimed. The bigger, crowd-pulling fish might find sponsors providing such incentives as cars.

At the beginning of the Eighties the sport devised a set of rules to sort out this mess. It avoided outright professionalism but made cash payments legal. Now there is a system of appearance money payments which the sport calls "subventions." It wanted to avoid prize money for track races because of the fear that events could be rigged, and it wanted to prevent the sport splitting into separate sections - amateurs and professionals — as in golf. The money goes into the

athlete's trust fund, which competitors can draw upon to support their athletic lifestyle — pursuits such as eating, living in a house and owning a car, and training anywhere in the world. It seems a flimsy pretext to keep someone's cash, but consulting trustees at least ensures that young inexperienced competitors cannot blow their earnings or part with them to agents. The fund is closely monitored, tax payments are handled — and when the athlete retires he gets whatever is left.

Men like Sebastian Coe, Steve Ovett, and Steve Cram have become wealthy by the system. At

their peak they were getting any-thing between \$15,000 and \$25,000 a race from British promotions and not much less from their overseas adventures. It added up to over \$150,000 a year for the leading runners — and this did not include fees for wearing a particular brand of running shoe and personal appearances for sponsors.

Coe and Ovett have never been bitter rivals, nor great friends (they come from different areas of the social spectrum) but they are getting closer because of a shared concern for the sport which they helped to turn into a multi-million pound business.

A five-man inquiry into the alleged offer of money for Sunday's run may find out who was telling the truth, Ovett or the promotions officer, Andy Norman. That is the question Ovett would like them to explore. He knows, as an athlete still in touch with the grassroots of the sport. that there would be support for such a campaign. Do sponsors and television have too much influence over the scheduling of events, on who runs and who does not? Why are there international meetings which do not always include field events? Is it because they are not so popular with television? And what about the money being spent on entertaining? These are the questions which would make any campaigner popular among club athletes

But any consideration of the events at Birmingham seems an odd way to set about reform. The underlying fear attached to Sunday's 1500 metres final concerned not Coe, but Norman, the man

and treasures — throughout

who pulls so many of the sport's financial strings. He was the man who nurtured Ovett's talent in the international

arenas. In his autobiography Ovett said: "Over the years... he has been many things to me adviser, coach financial assistant, bag carrier, minder, air ticket supplier, best man, counsellor. But above all he has been one of my very best friends." Not any longer, Norman switched his attention to the new winner, Steve Cram. And in 1983, Ovett, a person deeply con-

cerned about personal relationships, was upset when Norman brought a woman to his Brighton home who was not his It has been difficult for both of them ever since their break. Ovett did not want anything to do

with someone whose power in the sport was growing, internationally as well as in Britain. For Norman it was difficult because he needed Ovett for the business of satisfying sponsors and television. There was a furious row two years ago when the announcement about subvention fees for the year put Cram's value at \$25,000 and Ovett's at \$15,000.

**Evans retains pan Pacific title** 

TOKYO (R) — American Janet Evans, world-record holder and Olympic champion in the 400 metres freestyle, held on to her pan Pacific title in the event with a championships record time on

Saturday. Evans, 17, led from the start to clock four minutes 4.53 seconds, breaking her mark of 4:09.32 set

Brisbane, Australia. Evans said she was happy to have surpassed the European record time of 4:05.84 set by East German Anke Moehring at the European championships in Bonn on Thursday.

"I knew her winning time. My goal was to surpass 4:05," said Evans, a triple Olympic gold in the 1987 championships in

pendent inquiry to look into Ovett's allegation.

> title at home by an Arsenal goal in the final minute of their closing match, had largely their England men to thank for a 3-1 victory over newly-promoted Manches-

John Barnes struck home a

### **Peanuts**



### Mutt'n' Jeff

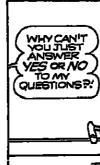






### **Andy Capp**









# Anti-apartheid campaigners press on despite crackdown

JOHANNESBURG (R) — South African activists have vowed to continue protests against raciallysegregated elections despite the arrest of one of their leaders in a police crackdown.

Organisers hope to move their burgeoning anti-apartheid defiance campaign into high gear this weekend, three weeks before general elections in which blacks have no vote.

Police arrested a key figure of the Mass Democratic Movement (MDM) anti-apartheid coalition and laid barbed wire on a whitesonly Cape Town beach where blacks had said they would defy race laws and go for a swim.

Civil rights activists, who mounted the defiance campaign to highlight the exclusion of blacks from the Sept. 6 poll, said they would press on with peaceful

Police Commissioner Hennie de Witt said in a statement that

COLOMBO (Agencies) — At least 45 people were killed in Sri

Lanka in 24 hours ending Satur-

day morning, official sources

said. in some of the worst politic-

al violence the Indian Ocean is-

Thirty-five people were shot dead in Sinhalese-populated

southern areas and the official sources held the People's Libera-

The front, a group of youths

from the majority Sinhalese com-

munity, is accused of killing 3,000

people in its two-year campaign

es died in separate confrontations

when the rebels attacked security

clashes in the north and east,

populated by the minority Tamil

people, where Indian soldiers are fighting Tamil separatist guer-

The chiefs of the three armed

services and the police, in a rare

joint statement, on Saturday said

soldiers and police would do their

duty to safeguard the people.

Six people were killed in

A soldier and three front fight-

to topple the government.

tion Front responsible.

land has seen.

forces patrols.

police were on the alert to thwart attempts to break any of the provisions of South Africa's draconian emergency laws.

"Certain people and organisations want to create a situation forcing the South African police to use violence to maintain public order," de Witt said.

Mohammed Valli, acting general secretary of the heavilyrestricted United Democratic Front (UDF), was arrested Friday in a move which activists linked to his call Thursday to step up the defiance campaign.

The UDF celebrates its sixth anniversary this weekend, but police have banned one of the major rallies in Cape Town which had been organised to mark the

They made the statement after

the front threatened to kill the

families of servicemen if they did

not resign by Sunday and help the

movement to set up a socialist

to the security forces and the

police to join their ranks, the

subversives now in desperation

are threatening their families if

they do not resign," the security

innocent people will not be con-

doned. The security forces and

the police, who are sacrificing

their lives to safeguard the peace-

loving people, will do their duty,"

lies of several policemen and sol-

dies had been killed in the past

the families as far as possible,"

said Foreign Minister and Deputy Defence Minister Ranjan Wi-

Security sources said arrange-

ments were being made to evacu-ate the families, if they wished, to

Security sources said the fami-

"We are giving protection to

"The cowardly act of harming

"Having failed in their appeal

government.

chiefs said.

Archbishop Desmond Tutu Friday condemned the crackdown and invited anti-apartheid campaigners to join him Sunday for a church service instead.

Opposition politicians were

The Anti-Apartheid Democratic Party said South Africa would have taken a step towards a more civilised and democratic system if the MDM protests this weekend had been left alone.

The anti-apartheid movement

suffered another blow Friday when Justice Minister Kobie Coetsee said organisations would now have to reveal the source and purpose of all foreign donations. If the government considered such funds were intended for a

project endangering public safe-

ty, the recipients would be prose-cuted, he said. "The full force of

the law will be set in motion to

such as the UDF and the MDM depend heavily on foreign financial support, and activists fear that the new law may restrict their access to funds abroad. In Harare, a senior member of the African National Congress

Anti-apartheid organisations

(ANC) guerrilla group said Friday that the crackdown by South African police would not stop the defiance campaign. This shows the true face of the regime," ANC head of Foreign

Affairs Thabo Mbeki told Reu-

The Lusaka-based ANC, which is fighting a guerrilla war to overthrow the white South African government, has said it fully supports the defiance campaign laun-ched by opponents of apartheid ahead of the Sept. 6 elections.

Mbeki is in Harare to attend a meeting Monday of the organisa-tion of African Unity (OAU) ad hoc committee on southern

# Security situation in Sri Lanka worsens

camps or police stations. They said more than 50 suspected front rebels were arrested Friday in house-to-house searches in several districts of the capital, Colombo, and suburbs. The searches are continuing.

protected shelters near military

Wijeratne told reporters the security forces were making headway in their operations against the front. The government two months

ago declared a state of emergency and gave wide-ranging powers to the security forces with orders to wipe out the movement. President Ranasinghe Pre-

madasa, whose earlier peace overtures have been spurned by the front, this week proposed a simultaneous ceasefire involving the front and the security forces. He told a delegation of opposi-

tion politicians that once hostilities ceased he was prepared to hold discussions with all political parties, including the front, on ways to restore peace on the island. There has been no reaction from the underground move-

if matters did not improve.

"It's the GDR's turn to move and create the conditions to relax the atmosphere," he told repor-

The official ADN news agency said Krolikowski told Seiters for East Germany and demanded that Bonn tell the refugees to

About 90,000 East Germans

are crossing Hungary's newly-re-Bonn in trying to secure

emigration for the refugees but East Berlin is prepared only to guarantee that they will not be punished if they return to the

fixed for further formal talks.

### Refugee solution eludes Germanies

Europe.
"We unfortunately established

days ago to stop refugees flooding

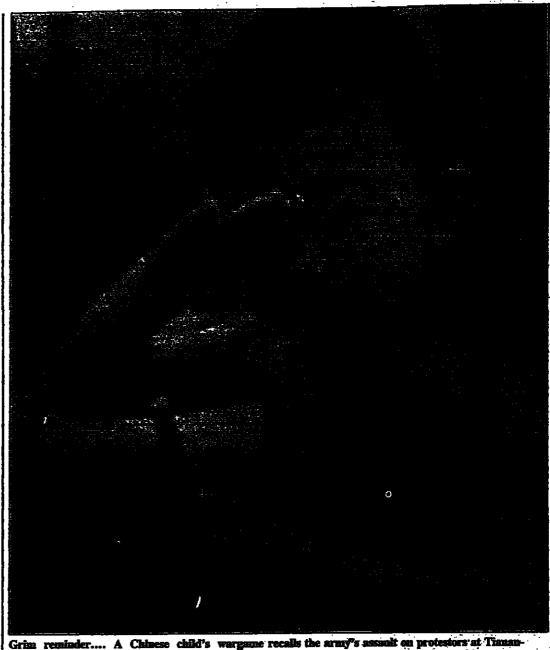
"I stressed this was a profound political and human problem which started in the GDR and which must be solved here too." Seiters said before briefing 116 would-be emigrants in the mis-

He said no immediate end to the crisis was in sight and that bilateral ties would suffer greatly

emigration was a matter entirely

Some 200 refugees seeking exit visas to the West are occupying

this year, up from 39,000 in 1988. Most will arrive legally but many



men Square in early June.

## China denies killing thousands

GENEVA (R) — China denied Friday that its troops killed thousnads of students while suppressing their pro-democracy movement in June, and said outsiders had no right to lecture Peking on quelling internal rebellion.

Chinese government delegate Yu Zhizhong told a United Nations human rights panel that a statement it heard from a dissident student leader about killings in Peking's Tiananmen Square and tanks running over tents with students inside were "a far cry from the facts."

Yu said that when troops early June 4 cleared the central square of students who had occupied it for two months, "the students' withdrawal was on the whole

"During the process, not a single person was killed by the troops or run over by military vehicles. It is sheer fabrication to

asser that the square was bathed in blood," Yu told the U.N. sub-Commission on Prevention of Discrimination and Protection of Minorities. On Wednesday, one of the organisers of the student action in

Tiananmen, Li Lu, told the subcommission he estimated thousands of people were killed and tens of thousands wounded when the army moved in. He added at a news conference Thursday that 120,000 had been

arrested and many executed. Yu said verified figures showed

that about 3,000 civilians were wounded and more than 200 killed, including 36 students. Some innocent people who had mingled with rioters were accidentally killed or wounded, and the government greatly regretted this, he

Chinese authorities say fewer than 300 people died in all — "more than 100 soldiers" and a similar number of civilians, many of them described as "noters."

Diplomats in Peking believe that hundreds, possibly several thousand, people died June 3 and 4, mostly when they tried to stop convoys of troops from passing through the city to the central square where they say an un-known number also died.

#### Johnson fans ask for help

TAYLOR, Texas (AP) - Don Johnson has fans so worked up here to meet him or find out where scenes are being shot for his new movie that some have taken the extreme measure of seeking help from the Chamber of Gommerce. The former star of the television series "Miami Vice" and director Dennis Hopper have begun filming "Hot Spot," a crime thriller and love story that is touted as being in the tradition of the steamy Body Heat." Very few residents in this town of some 10,600 people about 40 kilometres north of Austin have voiced concerns that the movie appears fo be headed to a solid "R" rating.

#### Julian Lennon separates from dad

PHOENIX (AP) — Singer-songwriter Iulian Lennon says he's learned to separate himself from the legend of his late father, John Lemon of the Beatles, and wishes other people would, too.
"Two only basically come to terms with it in the last two or three years after throwing myself into this industry," said Lennon, 26, who is touring to promote his third album, "Mr. Jordan," and performed in Phoenix.

#### Global weather

(major world cities)

				<b>MAX.</b>		
H		T	Ŧ.	C	Ŧ	<b>Yeaths</b>
H	AMSTERDAM	12	54.	24	75	Clear
ŀ	ATHENS	22	72	35	95	Clear
Н	BAHRAIN	31	88	38	100	Clear
	BANGKOK	. 25	77	94	93	Clear
Ц	BUENOS AIRES	14	57.	23		Cloudy
	CAIRO	23	73	35		Clear
1	CHICAGO	13	55	26		Rein
H	COPENHAGEN	12	54	22	72	Clear
П	FRANKRUPT	11.	52	26		Clear
1	GENEVA	15	59	28		Cloudy
Ħ	HONG KONG	28	82	33	91	Clear
Ħ	ISTANBUL	21	70	31	88	Cloudy
	LONDON	14	57	25		Clear
Н	LOS ANGELES	18	84	26	79	Cloudy
ı	MADRID	19	66	33	81	Clear
П	MECCA	25	77	44	111	Clear
[ ]	MONTREAL	10	50	<i>2</i> 5	77	Cloudy
П	MOSCOW	18	64	29		Clear
J	NEW DELHI	26	78	34	93	Cloudy
	NEW YORK	20	68	23	74	Rein
	PARIS	16	61	29	84	Class
1	ROME	20	68	36	97	Clear
П	SYDNEY	12	54	18	64	Cloudy
П	TOKYO	25	77	30	86	Cloudy
	VIENNA	13	56	21	70	Rain
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## Bogota police blame drug traffickers

## Barco's likely successor killed

jeratne this week.

BOGOTA, Colombia (AP) — A leading presidential aspirant who once before escaped assassination was shot and killed at a political rally in the latest series of attacks by drug traffickers, officials said. At least 10 others were wound-

ed as spectators screamed and ran in panic when the gunman opened fire Friday night on Senator Luis Carlos Galan just before his planned speech to 10,000 people in Soacha, 32 kilometres south of Bogota.

The attack came hours after

drug traffickers killed a provincial police chief who had led a campaign against them, gunning him down in his car not far from his After Galan was shot, Presi-

dent Virgilio Barco announced new emergency measures to fight the drug trade, including reinstatement of a treaty to extradite suspected drug kingpins to the

Blast kills 15 in India

Galan, 46, died of several gunshot wounds to the chest, said Bogota Mayor Andres Pastrana. Galan had escaped an assassination attempt Aug. 5 in the city of Medellin by drug traffickers, who police said had offered \$500,000 to kill him. Galan, one of six Liberal Party

candidates seeking the presidential party's nomination for the May 1990 president, was widely considered the front-runner to replace Barco. "When the individual began

firing, (Galan) fell to the ground," said photographer Jesus Calderon. Galan maintained consciousness "and asked only that he be taken quickly to the hos-The wounded included one of

Galan's bodyguards, two local

major cocaine market, the Un-political leaders and supporters near the podium. "The people were running, screaming and crying," Calderon said.

The gunman escaped, and police mounted a search. Barco, in an address broadcast nationwide on television and radio, said he would renew the extradition treaty with the United States, which was suspended by the Colombian Supreme Court on a technicality in April 1988.

He said his government also would take other measures to stop the powerful Medellin Cartel of drug dealers. They include hiring special judges to investi-gate traffickers and detaining suspects for a week without a hearing.

The Medellin Cartel claimed responsibility earlier Friday for the slaying of Colonel Waldemar Franklin Quintero in calls to local

EAST BERLIN (R) - Ministers from the two German states met Friday but failed to narrow differences in a bitter row over East German refugees in Bonn's diplomatic missions in East

in long and intensive talks that the GDR (East Germany) is not prepared to go beyond what it has already stated," West German Chancellery Minister Rudolf Sei-

He met acting East German Foreign Minister Herbert Krolikowski for two hours in the highest-level contact since Bonn closed its East Berlin mission 10

leave its missions and go home.

the West German embassies in Prague, Budapest and Warsaw, and hundreds more are camped outside the Budapest embassy. are expected to settle in the West

laxed border with Austria.

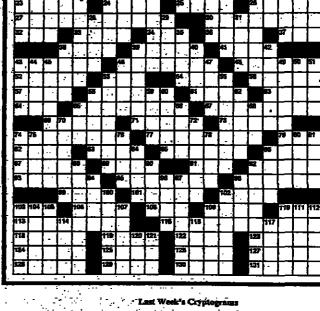
Seiters said no date had been

## **THE Sunday Crossword**

TERMINALS

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1. Clatter of china and chatter of diners were filling small dizing roo with die of dinner.

2. A lie detector sciences who exhorts only his own brand of "truth" to the exclusion of others may be but for business.

3. Professor asked for new bit of chalk to write problem on

CRYPTOGRAMS

I. WORT WILL BUGGLY WT UPSIT GOBBAL

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3. QBBG ZVIORZ XCTXVC NEXTW LVI "CB LFBMXCN" LXNC BC OXG AGWW, VCT LABQQWT FVMXCN-LXNCVZL -By Gordon Miller

-By Ed Huddleson





### **WORLD NEWS IN BRIEF**

CHANDIGARH, India (AP) - A bomb planted in the luggage rack of a passenger bus exploded as the vehicle entered a north Indian town Friday, killing at least 15 people and wounding 30, police said. The victims of the bomb blast at the town of Chintpurni in Himachal Pradesh state included two women and two children, police said. The bus was coming from the Sikh holy city of Amritsar in neighbouring Punjab state and was passing through Chintpurni's main market when the explosion occurred. Most of the victims were on the bus, but at least four people in the street were injured, according to police officials in the town, who spoke on condition of anonymity in telephone interviews. Chintpurni is about 110 kilometres north of Chandigarh. Ravi Kanth Bahl, a doctor at a state-run hospital in the neighbouring town of Una, said at least 12 people died before they could be treated. "I was told many more bodies would be coming," he said in a telephone interview. Bahl said the blast appeared to have been "extremely powerful" because the victims' could not be identified. There were no claims of responsibility for the explosion but Sikh militants fighting for an independent nation in Punjab were suspected, police officials said.

### Transport strike hits Bangladesh

DHAKA (AP) - A nationwide strike by transport workers began Saturday after overnight clashes between rival workers left one person dead and 10 others injured, police said. About 30,000 private buses, trucks and motor rickshaws stopped operating throughout the country after the strike began at 6 a.m. (0030 GMT), said Wajeduddin Khan, spokesman for three oppositionbacked striking unions. The transporters are protesting a 60 per cent hike in fees for registering private vehicles with the government and a death penalty for causing accidental deaths with their vehicles. On Friday, the driver of a motor rickshaw was killed and 10 others were injured during street battles between supporters of the strike and opponents in Dhaka, police said.

### Trotsky's letters published

MOSCOW (AP) — The Soviet press has taken another step toward the rehabilitation of the late Communist leader Leon Trotsky by publishing his criticism of the party for the first time since he fell out of favour. The youth journal Molodoi Kommunist published several letters Trotsky wrote in the 1920s complaining about the party bureaucracy. "There is a tendency toward a greater and greater contradiction between a few thousand people in command and the rest of the party members," Trotsky wrote in a 1923 letter that first appeared in Pravda that year. The criticism is particularly relevant now, when the party is again searching its soul because of a loss of prestige and faith among the people. President Mikhail S. Gorbachev has called for a "renewal" of the 20-million-member party from the lowest to the highest level. including the ruling Politburo. Like Trotsky did a half-century ago, many Soviets now blame the party bureaucracy for impeding reform. Because of that criticism and other differences, dictator Josef Stalin ordered Trotsky ousted from the party in 1927 and exiled him two years later. Stalin had his foe killed in Mexico in

### Helicopter flys prisoners to freedom

ORDWAY, Colorado (AP) - A hijacked helicopter swooped into the yard of a medium-security state prison and spirited two immates to freedom, officials said. Two women and a pilot were on board the copter when it set down Friday morning at the Arkansas Valley Correctional Facility in Crowley County, authorities said. The helicopter - and the bound and gagged pilot were found later on the ground 56 kilometres north. The women and the escapees had apparently transferred to a rented van. Walter Kautzky, director of the Colorado Department of Corrections, said pilot Tim Graves told authorities the two women rented the helicopter under the pretext of taking some photos of some property east of Ordway. One of the women then pulled a gun on Graves when they got near the prison and forced him to

